SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

DAILY UNION SERIES—VOL. LVII.—NO. 9664.
DAILY RECORD SERIES—VOL. XXV.—NO. 4668.

SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1882.

DAILY RECORD UNION SERIES
VOLUME XV—NUMBER 27.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

Entered at the Post Office at Sacramento as second class matter

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WM. H. MILLS, General Manager.

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THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

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Advertising Rates in Daily Record-Union.

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One Square, 2 times	1 75
One Square, 3 times	2 50
Each additional time	50

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Half Square, 1st page	$2 50	$3 50	$5 00
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One Square, 2d page	5 00	7 00	10 00
One Square, 3d page	4 00	6 00	8 00
One Square, 4th page	3 00	4 00	6 00

Star Notices, to follow reading matter, twenty-five cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements of Situations Wanted, Houses to Let, Society Meetings, etc., of FIVE LINES OR LESS, will be inserted in the DAILY RECORD-UNION as follows:

One time	25 cents
Three times	50 cents
One week	75 cents

Seven words to constitute a line.

THE WEEKLY UNION

[Published in semi-weekly parts].

Is issued on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, comprising Eight Pages in each issue, or Sixteen Pages each week, and is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast.

Terms, One Year $2 50

Semi-Weekly Union Advertising Rates.

Half Square, 1 time	$1 00
Each additional time	50
One Square, 1 time	2 00
Each additional time	1 00

WANTED, LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG married man, thoroughly competent to drive and take care of horses, or work in store or market. Apply at this office. m23-1w*

WANTED—A GIRL WHO IS A GOOD COOK and understands washing and ironing. No others need apply. Address X., at this office. m22 tf

NOTICE.

PARTIES HOLDING SCRIP AGAINST LINcoln county, Nevada, can find a cash purchaser by addressing J. EISENMANN & CO., Pioche, Nev. m3-1p1m*

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

HOUSTON & CO., FOURTH AND K STREETS, Sacramento—Farmers requiring plow hands, send in your orders, as we have some first-class Western men who understand the work; also first-class male and female help for hotels and families. Branch office in San Francisco. We can procure help suitable at the shortest notice. d15-1ptf

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

FOR SALE CHEAP—LOT 8 (8 x16), CORNER Twenty-third and I streets; 80x60 of lot 1, corner J and Fourteenth streets. A ply to H. L. NG TON, Fulton Market, rth and K sts. m22-3tWFS

FOR SALE—A JOBBING WINE AND liquor business, having a good run of customers; will be sold cheap, present owner desiring to sell on account of his health. Capital required, from $3,000 to $5,000. Address J. H., this office. m22 tf

FOR SALE—NICE TWO-STORY FRAME dwelling; 8 rooms, bath, gas and water; lot, 20 by 160 feet; good residence and business property. Price, $2,500. Inquire of CARL STROBEL, 321 J street. m20 6t

FARM FOR SALE—300 ACRES CHOICE grape or grain land, and well suited for either fruit or clover. There is a good house and barn, 500 choice fruit trees, and twenty acres of clover. The place is well fenced, nearly all cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. There is a ditch and water right belonging with the place that furnishes an abundance of free water. Any person wanting a place suited for almost any kind of crop, will find this to be one of the best and cheapest places in El Dorado county. Will sell the whole or part. Price very low. Time given if desired, at lowest rate of interest. The farm is five miles west of Placerville, near the Folsom road. For particulars, call on or address ARTHUR WILLIAMS, Placerville, El Dorado county, California. March 3, 1882. m6-tf

FOR SALE—IRON STORE FRONT, WITH IRON shutters; also, one elevator for store. Will be sold cheap for cash. For particulars inquire of A. A. COOK, 403 J street, Sacramento, Cal. fe27-tf

THIRTY DAYS' FURTHER TIME.

HOMES FOR SALE ABOVE THE DEBRIS and below the snow. I have for sale cheap a few nice pieces of No. 1 fruit land in the warm belt of Placer county, with beautiful building spots, ranging from $ 0 to $40 per acre, according to location and improvements, and from 10 to 200 acres, to suit purchasers. For further particulars inquire of or address W. W. FIPPINS, Penryn, Placer county, Cal. m21 1p1m

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE, AT A LOW RATE OF interest, by PETER BOHL, 325 J street. m17-tf

TO LET.

THE CAMPI RESTAURANT, ON K STREET, between First and Second. Inquire of L. C. CHANDLER, No. 227 J street. m21-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

WILL SELL YOU A GOOD FOOTHILL farm cheap for cash; or will trade with you, and take $1,000 in rentable city property and $1,600 cash for this place. Also a vineyard and orchard farm of 40 acres can be had at the above terms. If you want to buy an orchard, vineyard, farm or city real estate, please call on CARL STROBEL, 321 J street, Sacramento fe25-1ptf

DENTISTRY.

W. WOOD,

DENTIST.—(REMOVED TO QUINN'S Building, corner Fourth and J streets.) Artificial Teeth inserted on all bases. Improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas, for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. m24-tf

DRS. BREWER & SOUTHWORTH,

DENTISTS, SOUTHWEST CORNER OF Seventh and J streets, in Bryte's new building, up stairs. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas. m16-1p1m

H. H. PIERSON,

DENTIST, 415 J STREET, BETWEEN Fourth and Fifth, Sacramento. Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold, Vulcanite and all bases. Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas administered for the painless extraction of Teeth. m14-1m

W. H. HARE, D. D. S.,

DENTIST, NO. 605 J STREET, BEtween Sixth and Seventh, Sacramento. m11-1p1m

Chickering Pianos,

WILCOX & WHITE ORGANS

—AT WAREROOMS OF—

L. K. HAMMER,

No. 820 J street, ... Sacramento.

Sold on easy installment plan. Orders for TUNING promptly attended to. fe20-1p1m

THE VERY CHOICEST

SMOKED HEAD CHEESE, TONGUE SAUSAGE, SEVALAT SAUSAGE, ITALIAN SAUSAGE, BONELESS HAM, CREAM CHEESE, GENUINE SWISS CHEESE, etc., just received from the East. Besides FRESH SAUSAGES of all kinds received every other day from best San Francisco manufactory, at

F. BAUMLE'S

426 J street. m6-1p6m)...All sold at lowest prices.

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE.

NEUBURG & LAGES,

NOS. 50, 52 AND 54 FIFTH ST., SACRAMENTO, dealers in Produce and Brewers' Supplies, Manufacturers of Malt and all kinds of Meals, etc. Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc. New Grain Bags for sale. Agents Buckeye Mills Flour, Marysville. m17-1p

PIONEER LIVERY STABLE.

T. D. SCRIVER ..... Proprietor

HACKS ON CALL AT ANY HOUR, day or night. Coupes, Phaetons, Rockaways, Barouches, Buggies, with the best roadsters to be found in any livery stable on the coast, for hire. Horses kept in livery at reasonable rates. Livery Stables on Fourth street, between I and J.

HALE BROS. & CO.

DOWN!
DOWN!
DOWN!

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS THIS WEEK!

This week we offer special inducements in our DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT. Such, we have no hesitation in stating, that will be worthy the attention of every buyer. The goods we guarantee to be the qualities represented. The prices from 10 to 25 per cent. below those regularly charged:



MUSLINS!

Lonsdale Muslin, first quality, 10 cents per yard
White Rock Muslin, " 10 cents per yard
Unbleached Muslin, from 4c per yard upwards
Sheetings and Pillow-case Muslins,

—AT—

WHOLESALE PRICES!

AMONG OUR LATEST IMPORTATIONS FROM NEW YORK IS A VERY LARGE AND WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF

BEDSPREADS.

THE PRICES ON THESE SPREADS CLEARLY DEMONSTRATE OUR TWO GREAT ADVANTAGES: THAT OF PAYING CASH AND BUYING FOR FIVE STORES.

HONEYCOMB SPREADS, - from 65 cents to $1 50
MARSEILLES SPREADS, - from $1 75 to $7 00

White Goods Department.

We take pleasure in directing attention to the NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED in this Department. The assortment is very large, and the prices at which we have marked these importations will justify you in paying this Department an early visit:

Checked and Striped Nainsooks, - - from 12 1-2 cents per yard
Victoria and Bishop Lawns, - - - - from 10 cents per yard
Swiss, Dotted and Plain, - - - - from 12 1-2 cents per yard
Piques, White Corded, - - - - - from 6 1-4 cents per yard

Linen Department.

We have always aimed to give this Department the amount of attention that it justly deserves, and our extensive trade in LINEN GOODS warrants us in making the assertion that no better values are to be had on this coast than we are offering at this time. To those who want a choice article in TABLE LINEN, with NAPKINS to match, we would respectfully say, DON'T FAIL TO SEE OUR STOCK OF GENUINE SCOTCH BARNSLEY—certainly the finest in the market.

Unbleached Table Linen (Pure Flax)	from 15 cents to $1 30
Bleached Table Linen (Pure Flax)	from 40 cents to $1 50
Turkey Red Table Linen	from 35 cents to $1 00
Barnsley Table Linen (Genuine)	from 70 cents to $1 35
White Irish Linen	from 35 cents to $1 00
Crash (all Pure Flax)	from 5 cents to 30 cents

TABLECOVERS, TOWELS, NAPKINS.

Lace Curtain Department!

Here will be found an excellent assortment in CREAM, ECRU and WHITE. The designs are NEW, and OUR PRICES, like the assortment, are intended to please all.

Prices from 8 cents per yard upwards.

Amoskeag Shirtings	12 1-2 to 14 cents per yard
Cheviot Shirtings	8 1-3 cents per yard
Ginghams	8 1-3 to 15 cents per yard
Furniture Cretonnes	12 1-2 to 30 cents per yard

SPECIAL!—Since the above was written, we have received TWO CASES OF DRESS CALICO, giving us the very latest New York SPRING STYLES, and which we open out THIS MORNING.

Orders by Mail receive special attention, and are filled the day they are received.

HALE BROS. & CO.

829, 831, 833, 835 K street,

—AND—

1026 NINTH STREET, SACRAMENTO.

MECHANICS' STORE.

For Advertisement of WEINSTOCK & LUBIN, see Second Page. It will be changed daily.

THE FINEST DRINK In the World. NAPA SODA. TRY A NAPA SODA LEMONADE.

m16 1p3m

Palmer & Sepulveda

(Successors to J. S. TROWBRIDGE),

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES,

Northeast Corner Second and K streets, Sacramento.

PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT ALL HOURS, BOTH DAY AND NIGHT, AT THE LOWEST RATES. fe28 1ply

REAL ESTATE SALESROOM

—AND—

INSURANCE OFFICE

—OF—

W. P. COLEMAN

No. 325 J street, Sacramento, Cal.

FOR SALE OR TO LET ALL KINDS OF PROPERTY.—HOUSES SOLD ON INSTALLMENT PLAN. Money Loaned on Real Estate. m17-1ply

LATEST STYLES —OF— Fine French Colored SHIRTS. SHIRTS! MADE TO ORDER —BY— F. Mason,

m23 1p1m SEND FOR SAMPLES TO SACRAMENTO SHIRT FACTORY, 528 J STREET.

SAN FRANCISCO CARDS.

SAN FRANCISCO

Business Directory

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

George A. Davis & Co—Manufacturers' Agents, 327 and 329 Market street.

Baker & Hamilton—Importers of Agricultural Implements and Hardware; Agents of the Benicia Agricultural Works, 7 to 19 Front street.

David N. Hawley—Importer and Dealer in Agricultural Implements, and Agent of Howe's Improved U. S. Standard Scales. No. 37 Market street.

Frank Bros.—General Ag'ts Walter A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machine Co., 319 & 321 Market st.

ARTISTS.

Houseworth—Optician and Photographer, No. 12 Montgomery street. Established in 1851.

BUSINESS COLLEGES.

Heald's Business College (of the Bryant & Stratton Chain of Colleges). E. P. HEALD and F. C. WOODBURY, Proprietors, No. 24 Post street, near Kearny, S. F., Cal. Terms—$40 per quarter, payable in 30 days.

Pacific Business College and Telegraphic Institute—(Life Scholarship, for full Business Course, $70). W. E. Chamberlain, Jr., and T. A. Robinson, Proprietors, No. 320 Post street, opposite Union Square, S. F., Cal. Send for Circulars.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

Studebaker Bros. Manufacturing Co.—Repository, 31 Market street. A. H. Isham, Manager

DRY GOODS.

The White House—The oldest Dry Goods House in San Francisco. We import direct from the principal marts in Europe, consequently can sell lower than any other house in the trade. Country orders attended to. J. W. Davidson & Co., Nos. 101 and 103 Kearny street, San Francisco.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS.

Justin Gates.—Pioneer Druggist, removed to 422 Montgomery st., S. F. Country orders solicited

EDUCATIONAL.

School of Civil Engineering, Surveying, Drawing and Assaying, 24 Post st. A. Van der Naillen.

The Berkeley Gymnasium—A First-class Academical Institution, affords a Classical, Literary, Scientific and Business Education. For catalogues or particulars, address JOHN F. BURRIS, Superintendent, Berkeley, Ca.

HATS.

Herrmann, The Hatter—No. 336 Kearny street, near Pine. The finest hats at the lowest prices. Factory: No. 17 Belden street.

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, ETC.

Marcus C. Hawley & Co.—Importers of Hardware and Agricultural Implements, Nos. 301, 303, 305, 307 and 309 Market street, San Francisco.

METALS, STOVES, RANGES, ETC.

W. W. Montague & Co.—Importers of Stoves, Ranges and Sheet Iron, Marbleized Mantels, Grates and Tiles. Manufacturers of Plain, Japanned and Stamped Tinware. Nos 110 112, 114, 116 and 118 Battery street

MILLINERY

The Bandbox—The popular Millinery Establishment. E. S. Hirsch & Co., No. 748 Market street. Strict attention to orders from the interior

RESTAURANTS.

Campi's Original Italian Restaurant has reopened under the management of N. Giamboni, Campi's former partner. Nos. 531 and 533 Clay st., near Montgomery. Everything first-class.

Swain's Family Bakery and Dining Saloon—No. 636 Market street. Wedding cakes, ice cream, oysters, jellies, etc., constantly on hand. Families supplied.

RUBBER AND OIL GOODS.

The Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company—Manufacturers of Rubber Goods of every description. Patentees of the celebrated "Maltese Cross Brand" Carbolized Hose. Corner First and Market streets. J. W. Taylor, Manager.

Davis & Kellogg—Pioneer Manufacturers of Cap's Ann Oiled Clothing, Hats, Covers, etc. Importers and Dealers in Rubber Boots and Woolen Goods. No. 34 California street.

STATIONERS, PRINTERS ETC.

H. S. Crocker & Co.—Importing and Manufacturing Stationers, Printers and Lithographers, Nos 215, 217 and 219 Bush street, above Sansome.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Wellman, Peck & Co.—Importers and Wholesale Grocers and Dealers in Tobacco and Cigars, Nos. 120 to 132 Market, and No. 23 California.

Taber, Harker & Co.—Importers and Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 108 and 110 California street.

SACRAMENTO RECORD-UNION.

San Francisco Office, No. 531 California street.—J. H. Sharpe, Agent.

MARKETS.

THE CHOICEST MEATS, —AT— LOWEST PRICES, AT NEW YORK MARKET, CORNER OF TENTH AND K STREETS.

CASH paid for live stock, and all country orders promptly responded to. M. F. ODELL (successor to M. M. Odell & Son). m13-4p1m



G. GRIFFITHS, PENRYN GRANITE WORKS PENRYN CAL.

THE BEST VARIETY AND Largest Quarries on the Pacific Coast. Polished Granite Monuments, Tombstones and Tablets made to order. Headstones, etc. **Granite Building Stone** Cut, Dressed and Polished to orde o11-1p6m

NEW STYLES

OF CHAMBER SETS AND FURNITURE, in Walnut and Ash, at

LOWEST PRICES.

W. D. COMSTOCK, fe20-4ptf Fifth and K streets.

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

LYON & BARNES,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN Produce, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, Green and Dry Fruits, Honey, Beans, etc ALFALFA SEED

Potatoes in car-load lots or less. m23-1ptf Nos. 21 and 23 J street.

W. R. STRONG & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Merchants

AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF CALIFORNIA GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS NUTS, HONEY, SEED

And General Merchandise.

All orders promptly attended to. Address: W. R. STRONG & CO., m8-1p1m Nos. 6, 8 and 10 J street, Sacramento.

A. MOOSER. S. GERSON.

S. GERSON & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND Dealers in Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts, Etc.,

No. 220 J street, between Second and Third, Sacramento. m2-1m

D. DEBERNARDI. JAS. GARZOLI.

D. DEBERNARDI & CO.,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION DEALERS IN Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Vegetables, Fruit, Fish and General Produce. fe27-1p1m

LONGTON & MAY,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Poultry, Fish, Game, Butter, EGGS and MARKET PRODUCE. Country orders a specialty. FULTON MARKET, FIFTH AND K STS. fe25-1p1m

FRUIT DEALERS, ATTENTION!

HAVING REMOVED TO MORE COMMODIOUS premises, we have enlarged our stock. We offer you choice Apples, free from worms, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Dried Fruits, Nuts, Dates, Canned Goods, etc., at very low prices. M. T. BREWER & CO.,

1006 to 1010 Second street, between J and K, Sacramento. fe22-tf

EUGENE J. GREGORY. FRANK GREGORY. CHARLES F. DILLMAN.

GREGORY & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CALIFORNIA Produce and Fruit. Full stock of Beans, Butter, Eggs, Alfalfa, Poultry, Honey, Etc., Always on hand. Prompt attention given to orders and satisfaction guaranteed. fe21-1ptf Nos. 126 and 128 J Street.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

STATE HOUSE,

Corner Tenth and K Streets, Sacramento.

HELDRED, PROPRIETOR—Board and lodging at the most reasonable rates. Bar and billiard rooms attached. Street cars pass the door every five minutes. Free omnibus to and from the House. m16-4p1m

NEW CAMPI RESTAURANT AND OYSTER HOUSE,

509 K Street, between Fifth and Sixth.

EXCELLENT MEALS AT ALL hours, and board by the week or month. Good Meals for Fifteen Cents. m3-1m LAMKIN BROS., Proprietors.

MISSISSIPPI KITCHEN.

OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE,

Third Street, Between J and K

NEXT DOOR TO RECORD-UNION office. Open day and night. A. J. SENATZ, Proprietor. fe19-4p1m

HELVETIA HOUSE,

FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN J AND K, SACRAmento—Good board and lodging. X. HOLDENER and J. GEMSCH, Proprietors.

Farmers and Dairymen can always find good milkers and butter-makers at this house. fe16-4p1yr

GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL,

CORNER SEVENTH AND K STREETS SACRAmento.—First-class in every respect. The Largest, Finest and Best-Ventilated Hotel in the city. RATES—$3, $2 50 and $2 per day, according to room. Free Bus to and from the Hotel. J. McNASSER (late of Denver), fe4-4p1m Proprietor.

HOTEL LANGHAM,

CORNER FOURTH AND L STREETS, SACRAmento—Strictly first-class, on the European plan.

Free coach from Railroad Depot. Fine sample rooms.

fe1-4p1m TERRY & CO., Managers.

UNION HOTEL.

SECOND AND K STREETS, SACRAMENTO, Cal. Rooms, 50 cents and $1 per day. Special rates by the month. Billiards, choice liquors and cigars. Hot lunch daily from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M. W. O. ("JOE") BOWERS, fe1-4p1m Proprietor.

EDW. GADWALADER.

OFFICE, CORNER THIRD AND J STREETS; residence, corner Tenth and N streets. Sacramento, Cal.

Notary Public.
United States Commissioner.
Commissioner of Deeds for the States and Territories, and Conveyancer. Particular attention paid to taking depositions.
Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Leases, Contracts, etc. drawn and acknowledged fe19-tf

FOR A PERFECT FIT AND STYLISH-CUT SUIT OF CLOTHES, GO TO THOMAS BROMLEY,

CLUNIE BUILDING, 809 K ST., SACRAMENTO.

Honest dealings and prompt attention you will find at THOS. BROMLEY'S (late cutter of Capital Woolen Mills), and don't you forget it. m7-1m4p

PACIFIC SLOPE.

The Citrus Fair—Bigamy Trial at Stockton—Flouring Mills Burned in Oregon—Fatal Runaway Accident in Idaho—Funeral of the Victim of the Napa County Tragedy—Another Murder by the Earp Party in Arizona—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

STOCKTON, March 23d.—The case of The People vs. E. J. Cripe is exciting great interest here. Defendant is charged with bigamy, in marrying one Madgie Moore while he had a lawful wife still living in the person of Amelia J. Atwood. Both marriages were solemnized in San Francisco. Certified copies of both marriage licenses were produced by the prosecution from the County Recorder of San Francisco. Both ladies appeared in Court to-day. It is claimed for the defense that Cripe believed his first marriage to be void, on account of information to the effect that Mrs. Atwood had a husband living at that time. A copy of a decree of divorce from Mrs. Atwood's former husband was, however, produced by the prosecution, dated more than a year before the alleged marriage to defendant. The case went over until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, the jury in the meantime being placed in charge of the Sheriff.

The Napa County Tragedy—Burial of the Victim.

ST. HELENA, March 23d.—The funeral of the late John C. Weinberger, of this place, who was murdered by a former employe, named Wm. J. Gau, on the 21st inst., took place this afternoon, under the auspices of the Masonic Order, of which he was a prominent officer, and also of the Wine-growers' Association. The flags were at half-mast and all the stores closed. He has been largely identified with the wine interest, and with every interest pertaining to the prosperity of the place and the good of the public. His death is a great loss to this community. Gau was buried by direction of the Coroner yesterday.

Sunday Law Case at Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, March 23d.—The case of Jacob Philippi, who has been on trial before City Justice Adams on a charge of violating the Sunday law for three days, was given to the jury at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The jury has notified the Court that they cannot agree, but they are still out, and are likely to be kept out till morning. The accused is a member of the League of Freedom.

The Citrus Fair.

RIVERSIDE, March 23d.—The fair is an unqualified success. The town is full of visitors, and beds are at a premium. The display is three times greater than ever before. The exhibits are arranged on five broad tables, extending lengthwise of the pavilion fifty feet. This being inadequate, another table has been placed upon the stage at the west end. Owing to the non-arrival of chandeliers, the formal opening was postponed until this evening. The Riverside display covers four large tables. San Diego fills one table, making the finest exhibit of any locality outside of this county. The display of raisins and canned fruit is extensive and very fine.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

RIVERSIDE, March 23d.—The formal opening of the Citrus Fair took place this evening, all the vacant space in the hall being filled by an intelligent and appreciative audience. The meeting was called to order at 8 o'clock by H. B. Everest, President of the Riverside Citrus Fair Association, prayer offered by Rev. Mr. Deere, and the opening address was delivered by H. J. Rudisell. Then followed short speeches by old settlers, including Judge North, the first President of the Colony Association, and General Stoneman, of San Gabriel. Essays upon citrus culture were read, and the exercises closed with the announcement of the Committee of Award. There have been 454 entries of citrus fruits, all of which are worthy of premiums.

ARIZONA.

Another Murder by the Earp Party.

TOMBSTONE, March 23d.—This afternoon Theodore D. Judah came in from Pete Spencer's wood camp in the south pass of the Dragoons, and gave an *Epitaph* reporter the following information: Yesterday morning, about 11 o'clock, Wyatt and Warren Earp, Doc. Holliday, McMasters, Texas Jack and Johnson, came into camp and inquired for Pete Spencer and Indian Charley, the number of men there and their whereabouts. Judah informed them that Spencer was in Tombstone, and a Mexican named Florentina was looking for some stock which had strayed away. Judah indicated the direction taken by the Mexican, and the party immediately left as directed, passing over a hill which hid them from view. In a few minutes ten or twelve shots were heard. Florentina not returning this morning, Judah proceeded in search of him, and found his body not far from the camp, riddled with bullets. Judah immediately came to town with the news.

NEVADA.

The Bonanza Firm Will Pay.

VIRGINIA, March 23d.—It is now stated that the bonanza firm will pay the sum due the county and State which has been in litigation since 1876, without further legal contest. The remittitur of the Supreme Court has not yet been received by the County Clerk, and until it is there can be no action taken in the case, one way or another. The amount is between $70,000 and $90,000.

Rejoicing Over the Passage of the Chinese Bill.

VIRGINIA, March 23d.—On receipt of the news this evening of the passage of the Chinese bill, the First Nevada Artillery fired a salute.

IDAHO.

Run Over and Killed.

LEWISTON, March 23d.—Allen Bore, an old and well-known citizen, was thrown from a wagon this afternoon, run over and killed.

OREGON.

Flouring Mills Burned.

PORTLAND, March 23d.—The Junction City flouring mills were burned to-day. They were a total loss; partially insured.

Safe Robbed—A Printer Burglar—Died of His Injuries—Not Expected to Live—Liquor Licenses—Crop Outlook—Pleaded Guilty.

PORTLAND, March 23d.—A Dayton special says: On the 20th inst. a bag containing between $410 and $500 was taken from a safe in the Columbia Hotel, of which M. P. Charles is proprietor. The money was taken while he was out of the hotel. Frank Day, a printer from Pomeroy, was arrested in Walla Walla and brought here to-day, charged with the burglary. The circumstances point strongly to his guilt.

Louis Wittmer, a laborer in the employ of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, who was hurt by a bank caving on him a few days since, died to-day from the effect of his injuries.

Harry Lyon, who was shot at Baker City three weeks ago by Dan Patton, for alleged criminal intimacy with the latter's wife, has pyæmia, and is not expected to recover.

The City Council of Salem has instructed the Committee on Ordinances to report an ordinance fixing licenses for retail liquor dealers at $500 per annum.

Reports from all portions of Willamette valley show that fall-sown grain is in excellent condition, and the area of land prepared for spring sowing is at least 25 per cent. greater than last year. The winter has been hard on sheep, but other stock have done well.

C. C. Livingston, the defaulting agent of Wells, Fargo & Co. at Alkali, to-day pleaded guilty to a charge of embezzlement in the State Circuit Court at The Dalles. He will be sentenced to-morrow.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Railroad Bill.

VICTORIA, March 23d.—The Inland Railway and Land bill was laid before the House to-day. Clements, Jordan and Rhodes, of San Francisco, and Clarke, Turner and Earl, of Victoria, are the promoters. Capital stock, $4,000,000, in 4,000 shares of $1,000 each. The line to be completed to Nanaimo by July 1, 1886, and to Seymour Narrows by 1890. The track is to be of the uniform gauge of four feet eight and a half inches. The lands asked for are 1,900,000 acres. The grant only escaped defeat to-day by the casting vote of the Speaker on a question of representation.

Miss Herschel, the daughter of the great astronomer, is in Washington for the season.

COAST NEWS.

The Jackson public school is enjoying a week's vacation.

Woodland will soon have a fine driving-park if the present arrangements are carried out.

The mail contractor brought the mail down from Washington to Nevada City on Monday on snow-shoes.

Many Scotch and German families are moving to Montana, and Missouri is sending hundreds of families there.

The almond trees in Grass Valley are in blossom, in spite of the discouraging weather lately held out to them.

March 16th the snow was seventeen feet deep at Plumas City, six feet at Sierraville and from six to eight feet at Forest City, Cal.

A war party of Piegans are camped on the Shonkin, Montana, with thirty horses, which they claim to have stolen from the Crows.

The prospects are now good for one of the best crops of cereals that has been produced in the lower end of Napa valley for several years.

The Grand Jury at Winnemucca, Nev., has indicted L. J. Bozenburg for assault with intent to kill Deputy County Recorder Owens.

A party of Englishmen is at present visiting New Mexico, with a view to select suitable land for a colony, which will soon be established.

The mining outlook in Trinity is favorable, and the expectation is that the hydraulic miners will have an average season with a fair average yield.

The Ward *Reflex* says there are now stored up in the Martin White mine ore to the value of $50,000. Some of the ore assays as high as $6,000 per ton.

Three men and a dog now constitute the population of Mammoth City. The three men have a deck of twenty-three cards with which to amuse themselves, while the dog is left to his own reflections and devices.

The Lakeport *Bee Democrat* of Friday last contained the following: The surrounding hills were covered with snow again this week. The Jehu on the Bartlett Springs mail line says it is over two feet deep on the summit between Upper Lake and Bartletts, and was sixteen inches deep at the latter point on Wednesday.

Any person who can give information regarding Nathaniel Kimberly, formerly of Connecticut, who is about 60 years of age, if living, and who was in Jackson, Amador county, Cal., in 1855, and either went from there to Tuolumne county or to Arizona with a company of soldiers in the early part of the war, will please address, with facts, C. H. Randall, Sonora, Tuolumne county, Cal.

PASSENGER LISTS.

CARLIN, March 23d. — Left here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: A. E. Davis, H. A. Heywood, Charles Miller, Maud Miller, J. L. Yono, R. S. Vedder, San Francisco; J. A. Norton, New Orleans; A. Hanbury, E. L. Lucas, England; I. C. Copley, Aurora, Ill.; Mrs. B. Thompson, Willie Thompson, Bangor, Me.; Rev. William M. Hoisman and wife, Mary Land, W. A. Seaver, New York; Mrs. H. C. Hubbard, Oakland; Captain E. B. Smith and family, U. S. Consul at San Blas; Miss Shepard, Iowa; John E. Harrington, Butte, Mont.; Major J. R. Roche, U. S. A.; Carrie Wilson, California.

Signed by Clara Barton, Bancroft Davis, Frederick Douglass, Alex. Y. P. Garnett, Mrs. Omar D. Conger, A. S. Solomon, Mrs. S. A. Martha Canfield, R. D. Mussey.

Edison's Electric Railway.

NEW YORK, March 23d.—Several miles of Edison's electric railway at Menlo Park are now completed, and a few days ago the pupils of Professor Sloan's school at Bergen Point, N. J., about thirty in number, were carried over the road by electricity at the rate of over twenty miles per hour. Edison's track is like that of an ordinary railroad, involving curves and grades, one being over thirty feet to the mile, with the various obstacles of ravines, streams and rocks. The car resembles our modern horse-car. The electricity is communicated from wires, one connecting with each track. The tracks are insulated by covering the ends of the ties with a nonconductive compound. The wheels take up electricity from the tracks and communicate with a dynamo-electric machine-gearing in the locomotive. This is given to the train a noiseless, rapid, pleasant motion, unattended with smoke, cinders and clatter.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Catastrophe at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 23d.—The tug-boat Henry C. Spratt exploded her boiler this morning, killing four men. George Seully, the Captain, was blown over the house tops in Water street. The dead bodies of Bernard McCann and Patrick Flanagan, firemen, and a man named Maloney, have been recovered. John Lyons, the engineer, and two others are missing. Immediately following the explosion flames broke out in all directions. Pier No. 8, occupied as a passenger and freight station of the Philadelphia and Atlantic City Railroad, took fire, and was destroyed. The tug Ella Lynch, at the wharf, also took fire and sank, after being well burned. The windows were shattered in all directions for squares. Three dead bodies were found in the street. The engineer has been found, having had a very narrow escape. The front of the ferry-house building was blown out, and the watchman came near losing his life.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 23d.—It now appears that John Lyon, the engineer, has not been accounted for, and one laborer is missing. Loss, $50,000.

The Illinois Probate Courts.

CHICAGO, March 23d.—An Ottawa (Ill.), special brings intelligence that the State Supreme Court decides that the Probate Courts in Illinois are legally constituted. This decision was on a rehearing, and reverses a previous demoralizing decision of the Court.

Cannot Recover.

KEOKUK (Iowa), March 23d.—Judge Love, of the United States Court, decides that a plaintiff cannot recover from the telegraph company on account of their failure to send a dispatch to Chicago ordering a purchase of options, because the laws forbid the business of option trading.

Grain Elevator Burned.

MOREHEAD (Minn.), March 23d.—Barnes & McGill's elevator burned at Hawley Tuesday night, with 150,000 bushels of wheat. Total loss, $200,000; insurance, $135,000.

Texas Buying Up Her Own Bonds.

AUSTIN (Texas), March 23d.—The State has purchased from the estate of the late Charles Morgan, of New York, $442,000 of its own bonds, paying for them $1 40. The bonds were due in 1894, with interest at 7 per cent. This makes a reduction of the State debt for the past twelve months of over $1,000,000, leaving it something less than $4,000,000.

Death of Admiral Spotts.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—Secretary Hunt received a cable dated Montevideo, stating that Admiral Spotts died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, March 9th, of apoplexy, and was buried there. He was appointed to the navy from Kentucky.

Movement for the Relief of the Flood Sufferers.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—The following call has been issued to the American people:

The President having signed the treaty of the Geneva Conference, and the Senate having ratified the President's action, the American Association of the Red Cross, organized under the provisions of said treaty, purposes at once to send aid to agents among the sufferers by the flood, with a view to ameliorating their condition, so far as can be done by human aid and the means at hand will admit of. Contributions are urgently solicited. Remittances in money may be sent to Hon. Chas. J. Folger, Secretary of the Treasury, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, or to his associates, Hon. R. T. Lincoln, Secretary of War, and Hon. G. B. Loring, Commissioner of Agriculture. Contributions of wearing apparel, bedding and provisions, should be addressed to the Red Cross agent, Memphis, Tenn., Vicksburg, Miss., and Helena, Ark.

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THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

FRIDAY..... .....MARCH 24, 1882

Meteorological Observations—Taken at Each Station at the same Moment.

SACRAMENTO, March 23, 1882—8:02 P. M.

Places of observation.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Thermometer.	Direction of wind.	Velocity of wind in miles per hour.	Character of weather.	Rainfall in inches.	State of the weather
Olympia	30.30	53	S.	Light.		.08	Fair
Portland	30.34	57	Calm.	Calm.			Cloudy
Roseburg	30.40	66	Calm	Calm.			Fair
Red Bluff	30.24	67	N.	Light.			Clear
Sacramento	30.24	62	N.	Light.			Clear
S. Francisco	30.29	57	Calm.	Calm.			Clear
Visalia	30.32	65	N. W.	Light.			Clear
Los Angeles	30.12	66	W.	Light.			Clear
San Diego	30.12	68	N.	Light.			Clear

Maximum temperature, 72; minimum, 45.
River above low-water mark, 19 ft. 2 in.

JAMES A. BARWICK,
Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, March 23d—1 A. M.—Indications for California: Fair weather.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 118¾ for 4s of 1907; 114½ for 4½s; 101 for 3½s; sterling, $4 87@4 90; silver bars, 112¾.

Silver in London, 52d; consols, 101 3-16; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 104; 4s, 119½; 4½s, 116½.

In San Francisco half dollars are quoted at ½ discount to par; Mexican dollars 90@90½ cents.

Mining stocks were in fair request at San Francisco yesterday, with but little change of values. Ali i continues active, over 3,000 shares changing hands at the informal session. There were no sales of Bullion, Exchequer, Alpha, Overman, Caledonia, or Silver Hill. Utah is sinking under its assessment of $1, which does not become delinquent until April 11th. Yellow Jacket continues to sell at the value of the assessment recently added.

The steamer Columbia, from Oregon, grounded at the entrance of San Francisco harbor yesterday, and received considerable damage.

Judge Hoffman yesterday released the Chinese women who were held at San Francisco on a charge of being courtesans.

Fire at Junction City, Or.; also at Hawley, Minn.

At Canso, Nova Scotia, yesterday, the shore end of the second cable of the American Telegraph Company was successfully laid.

The boiler of a tugboat exploded at Philadelphia yesterday, killing four men, and afterward taking fire and causing considerable damage to property in the vicinity.

The Illinois Probate Courts are decided to be legally constituted.

Admiral Spotts, U. S. N., died March 9th at Stanley, Falkland Islands.

Shipherd yesterday said the name of the Senator to whom he alluded in his testimony was Blair of New Hampshire.

Several miles of Edison's electric railway at Menlo Park are now completed, and cars are propelled over it at the rate of twenty miles an hour.

An aeronaut left England for France yesterday in a balloon.

The Coroner's jury at Tombstone, A. T., declare that Morgan S. Earp came to his death at the hands of Frank Stallwell, who was assassinated at Tucson.

The bark T. Jeffie Southard, from New York, has been totally wrecked on the coast of Brazil.

Small-pox has broken out in the County Jail at Des Moines, Ia.

The Chinese bill was passed in the House of Representatives yesterday without amendment by a vote of 177 to 65, and now goes to the President for his approval.

E. J. Cripe is on trial at Stockton for bigamy.

At Lewiston, Idaho, yesterday, Allen Bore was killed in a runaway accident.

Moody and Sankey are wanted in London to spend a year in evangelical work.

Another murder has been committed by the Earp party in Arizona—a Mexican named Florentina being the victim.

Louis Wittmer, recently hurt by a bank caving on him, died of his injuries yesterday at Portland, Or.

Salem, Or., charges Liquor dealers a license of $500 per annum.

The Illinois Legislature met in a called session at Springfield yesterday.

Melville has transmitted to the Secretary of the Navy the plan adopted for searching for the missing Arctic explorers, which will be found in our telegraphic columns this morning.

The Proctor House, in the Kearsage mountains, New Hampshire, was destroyed by fire yesterday.

Owing to the strike of molders at Troy, N. Y., 20,000 men are thrown out of work.

On the fourth page of to-day's RECORD UNION will be found a portrait of Jacob R. Shipherd, President of the Peruvian Company, together with a sketch of his life.

CABINET TALK.

There is a renewal of the rumors about Cabinet changes, and this time Teller is placarded for the Interior Department. It is said that he has also become so certain of his nomination as to go about among his friends telling them of it, and that he has already begun to "name the day," on which his nomination will be sent in. It is only among flies and men that such complete disregard of the teachings of experience is encountered. A fly will walk calmly and deliberately into the trap which already contains the bodies of his friends and companions, or will survey their disasters with an indifference which speaks volumes for his phlegm. In the same way a Teller will jump to the conclusion that he is infallibly booked for the Interior Department, regardless of the fact that a few weeks ago precisely the same assertion was made concerning Mr. Sargent. Is Teller more secure than Sargent had a right to feel? We do not think that is possible. Has he any better guarantees than Sargent had? That, too, is incredible. What madness, then, has inspired him thus to court destruction, when it is obvious that the President cannot give him any foreign mission better worth having than Chile, Peru or Bolivia? The folly of his boasting indeed is already shown, for the dark shadow of Grant passes over the board, and on the opposite side the figure of Chaffee looms up, menacing and ominous. In times like these it behooves the wise politician to hold his peace until he has his commission in his pocket, signed, sealed and delivered; for between cup and lip so many slips are recorded that everything in the shape of certainty would seem to be excluded. Mr. Teller will no doubt be Secretary of the Interior if he is nominated, and he will be nominated unless some other person is, and probably he will be confirmed if his name ever gets before the Senate. But in the light of past events sensible men will decline to discuss such vague contingencies as these, and will await the actual event before expressing an opinion.

THE WHITTAKER CASE.

It is not quite easy to discover the true inwardness of the last phase in the Whittaker case, but the presumption is that the President has decided to pardon Whittaker and turn him out of the service, instead of keeping him in it and punishing him. And probably this is the best way to get rid of the case. There can be no doubt of the young man's guilt, and it is equally clear that his offense grew in a considerable measure out of his peculiar situation at West Point. After what has happened it would be useless to keep him there, and it is perhaps unnecessary to punish him any more. To turn him out and let him go, seems therefore the most practical solution of the whole matter.

THE MUTUAL UNION.

If, as alleged, Jay Gould has secured a majority of the Mutual Union Telegraph Company's stock, the independent career of that association must be regarded as closed. The statement in the affirmative has been made with much circumstantiality, and it seems credible. It is true that some officers of the Mutual Union continue to deny it, but if the change of ownership really has taken place, it will not be long before the fact becomes known, no matter what attempts are made to conceal it.

PASSAGE OF THE CHINESE BILL IN THE HOUSE.

The Chinese bill passed in the House yesterday, without amendment, by a vote of 177 to 65. This is in several respects a remarkable vote. The total number of Representatives is 293. Of these no more than 242 voted at all on the bill. This shows that public sentiment at the East has not come round to the California view of the Chinese question, for had such a change of opinion taken place it is certain that 51 Representatives would not have evaded a vote on this question, as they have done. The peculiar conditions under which the bill has been passed indicate that nothing but the political considerations saved it. It was the fear of losing the votes of the Pacific States, and scarcely any other influence, which secured for the bill the very partial support it had, and the very unwilling neutrality which prevented it from being ignominiously slaughtered. And this analysis also shows that the state of feeling about the measure is so far from being unanimous, that the President's assent cannot be taken for granted.

He is in a position to perceive clearly the political implications of legislation, and he is practically independent of public opinion. The diplomatic view of the case is likely to impress him, moreover, and the commercial view may be utilized against the bill also. The question with him, supposing that he is a candidate for re-election, is, whether he will lose more in New England than he will gain on the Pacific Coast, by signing the bill. For it must be realized that however grave and serious the dangers of Chinese immigration may appear to Californians, the Eastern people do not regard the question with anything like the same earnestness, and in fact do not believe that the California view is correct. They attribute the latter mainly to the glamour of local prejudice, and the demagogism of local politicians and journals. They point to the actual numbers of the Chinese among us, and to the fact that they have not appreciably increased for several years, and ridicule our apprehensions as puerile and insincere, born of the tendency to truckle to Sand Lot threats, and having no greater significance than to placate the "great unwashed" for the sake of their votes. The argument of Mr. George F. Seward that if the Chinese had or could have votes, the Chinese question would disappear, is no doubt regarded at the East as exceedingly cogent and keen. For the people in those States have observed the manner in which their own politicians pander to every voting element, and how respectfully they treat every such element, and they not unnaturally conclude that if the Chinaman had the ballot he would not need defenders long.

Even so intelligent a journal as the *Nation* takes sides against the promoters of the bill, and expresses the opinion that "there has never been anything in recent "politics so absurd as the terror, real or "affected, about the numbers of the Chi-"nese, except the pretense of the San "Francisco hoodlums that they compete "with them in the labor market. There "is hardly a lazy vagabond or tramp in the "United States who does not try to be-"lieve that the Chinaman is keeping him "out of work." Thus we see one of the most enlightened of American journals declaring its belief that the San Francisco hoodlums complain of Chinese competition. And this shows how little the *Nation* understands the hoodlum. The latter is by no means the person to complain of Chinese competition, for he does not work at anything himself, unless it be crime, and though he is always ready to maltreat the Chinese, he despises them too thoroughly to dread their rivalry. But when such a paper as the *Nation* takes this view it is evident that our eloquent Senators and Representatives have not succeeded in changing Eastern opinion on the subject, and that the California view is unpopular on the Atlantic seaboard.

And in view of these facts and considerations it may be rash to assume with any confidence that the President will sign the bill. Probably the best hope of his acquiescence lies in the obvious fact that Congress has undertaken to shuffle all the responsibility on to his shoulders. Under such circumstances a man of spirit might conclude that he would not be trapped in such a way, and might sign the bill without any reference to his own convictions. Should he sign it, however, there will be no reason for special rejoicing, for the measure is at best tentative, and it is quite questionable whether it will produce any appreciable improvement in the existing situation. We are disposed to believe that it will not have been a month on the statute book before the community in whose interest it was passed will have discovered that it does not really touch the root of the evil from which they suffer, and that it only provides for a slow and tedious change, which may occupy the lifetime of a generation.

As a means, therefore, of putting an end to popular clamor, we fully expect that the new bill will turn out a disappointment. It will effect but a momentary quiet, and when the uncertain and tedious nature of the cure proposed is generally realized, we shall not be surprised if the Pacific Coast becomes more exclamatory, objurgatory and insistent than ever. It does not seem to have occurred to the astute and supple politicians engaged in the negotiations that a case of this sort called for a really practical measure; for a measure, in short, where merits could be perceived and estimated from the day it went into effect. Any other kind of legislation was certain in the nature of things to fail of effect, yet our representatives evidently believe that when the President signs the bill there will remain nothing for California but to show her gratitude by supporting the Republican or Democratic party, as the case may be, for of course both parties will claim the honor of passing the bill, here, at the same time that they both disclaim the discredit of passing it, at the East.

THE KAISER'S OPTIMISM.

The old German Emperor has been celebrating his birthday with great rejoicings, and has received many compliments, whereto he replied in a speech which serves to show how different the imperial point of view is apt to be, from that which common people hold. Kaiser William thinks that Providence has selected him for the performance of great things, and that to this end he has been fortunate in the choice of his instruments. It must be admitted that Bismarck and Moltke were simply perfect instruments for the carrying out of a "blood and iron" programme; but whether that programme was one which a respectable and intelligent Providence would indorse, is quite another question. The notion which the old Emperor takes so much pleasure in, however, has been entertained by every crowned fool and knave the world has ever seen. The fact is that it is an idea which quite naturally and almost inevitably grows out of such situations. The first Napoleon probably held it in a different form. He was too confident in the splendor of his own genius to believe that he was simply a tool, but he did believe that Destiny befriended him. As to Emperor William, seeing that his game was aggrandizement, he was fortunate in having such powerful intellects as those of Bismarck and Moltke at his service. But it is perfectly certain that the history of Germany and Prussia during his reign has been made, not by the monarch, but by the minister. Bismarck has for many years been the real ruler of Germany. Without him the poor old Emperor would very soon be reduced to his natural level, which is that of a well-meaning, opinionated, not at all brilliant old man. How incapable he is of judging concerning what is passing around him is shown by his remark that "he had learned with pleasure "that the country largely approved his "recent message." It is true that there were people to tell Charles X. of France that in signing the ordinances which in a few hours cost him his throne, he had firmly established his dynasty, and therefore we need not be surprised that Emperor William's ear should have been abused by flatterers in regard to the late message. But it is notorious that the message has produced the most profound and universal dissatisfaction throughout Germany, and that the end of this dissatisfaction has not yet been reached. It is quite natural that the Emperor should recommend his people to cultivate a "fervent religious "feeling," though perhaps he should have said whether he meant a Catholic or a Protestant fervor, for the Catholic fervor has of late years produced embarrassing results in German legislation, and nobody knows this better than Prince Bismarck. A fervent religious feeling in the abstract, however, is always what autocratic rulers most wish to see cultivated, because it reconciles the people to despotism, pursuades them that their government, no matter how meddlesome or intolerant, is heaven-sent, and causes them to reject those liberal sentiments and those intellectual researches which, by leading them to a higher mental plane, are calculated to render them impatient of their burdens. Where the Throne rests upon the Altar, religion is enlisted in the service of royalty, and this kind of alliance has so frequently been cemented that the popular distrust of the Churches which is a canon of continental Republicanism, is sufficiently explained by it.

WHY PARDONED?

Cashier Conant, who stole $70,000 from a bank, and who was condemned to seven years' imprisonment, has been pardoned by the President after serving two years, the plea being that his health had broken down under confinement. It is no doubt the case that the health of many prisoners breaks down, particularly when, through the exercise of favoritism, they are excused from the performance of the labor which would have kept their systems in good condition. But it is not to be credited that this particular criminal deserved pardon more than hundreds or thousands of others, and it will assuredly be concluded that he has been favored improperly because he had rich and influential friends in politics. The example is a bad one, moreover. Of all crimes perhaps the most common at this time is embezzlement. The instances of it of late years have been startlingly numerous, and have included scores of bank cashiers, many of whom have ruined the institutions with which they were connected, and have escaped punishment in the end. It is the more necessary to execute stern justice when it becomes possible in such cases. Conant's crime was a particularly bad one, and his sentence was just. He ought to have served it, and the only possible result of his pardon will be to spread abroad the belief that such offenses are venial, and easily compounded for.

THE IMMIGRATION ASSOCIATION.

The California Immigration Association met at San Francisco Tuesday. The Secretary's financial statement showed: Balance on hand, $415 17; received from subscriptions, $570 50; total, $985 87. Expended—On expense account, $75 60; on salary account, $250; total, $385. Balance in hands of Treasurer, $660 07. The income of the Immigration Office has been increased this month $47. The present regular subscription is $462. The pamphlet showing the workings of the Association for the past month will be issued during the current week. Inquiries from New Zealand for north California lands are announced. The pamphlet of the Shasta County Association is in preparation. The work done in the Land Office Department shows the magnitude of the business undertaken. One and one-half millions of acres of Government land of some character have been listed, and 700,000 acres more are learned of, which is about one-seventh of all the railroad grants of land in the State. Since the last report of officer C. H. Street nearly all the vacant land in Mendocino county, amounting to over 800,000 acres, has been listed. The character of all the Government land in Napa and Sonoma counties has been learned as far as the Surveyor-General's field notes will show it. Forty large plates in the latter county have been made and mounted. Nineteen large maps of Mendocino county lands have also been traced. The deficiency of description regarding these lands, occasioned by the meagerness of the surveyors' field notes, has been supplied by correspondence. Of eighteen persons who have been informed of the lands of the association since the last meeting, but three have returned. One colony of Germans has been located in Shasta county. The report of the Land Officer outlines the future labors of the association. Immigrants are always advised that there are no good Government lands in the old settled counties, and that if they would get productive lands they must go to the new districts, away from the railroads and large towns. The association is continually in receipt of descriptions of private lands for sale, but it has not been the policy of the association to undertake the sale of such.

BAKERS' UNION AND THE SUNDAY LAW. At San Francisco, at the recent meeting of the Bakers' Union, the most important business discussed was the advisability of taking steps under the Sunday law for the prevention of bakers' wagons delivering bread through the city on Sundays. It was claimed that Saturday night and Sunday work being an excess of the ninety hours worked during the previous six days of the week, was an outrageous imposition for which there existed no excuse, as the public did not desire such service. All present being in favor of encouraging and aiding the authorities in a general enforcement of the law, on motion, it was resolved "that the Bakers' Union of this city, while opposed to the enactment and enforcement of any law of a sumptuary character, or in any way limiting or proscribing citizens in the exercise of their constitutional privileges, and apart from the religious or fanatical features of the present agitation upon the Sunday law, we are in favor of its enforcement, prohibiting the running of bakers' wagons on that day, and hope the Chief of Police, in enforcing the law against saloons, will do so also against those who, by running their wagons on Sunday, force bakers to act as slaves."

"I CONSIDER it a great pleasure," writes A. J. Doak, Esq., manager of the American House, Amesbury, Mass., "to state that the inflammatory rheumatism which so severely affected my feet, yielded at once upon a few applications of the St. Jacobs Oil, which is worthy of the highest recommendation."

SAN FRANCISCO.

Oregon Steamer on the Rocks—Release of the Chinese Women—The Sunday Law Cases—Supreme Court Decision—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d.—The steamer Columbia, from Portland, on entering the harbor this morning during a dense fog, went on the rocks just outside of Fort Point. She was got off at high water, and made rapid speed for the mud flats of Mission Bay, where she arrived with the water up to her fires, and the firemen waist deep in it. The damages will be considerable.

Judge Hoffman, of the United States District Court, to-day ordered the release of the Chinese women brought here by the steamer Anger Head, holding that there was no evidence that they were prostitutes.

The Sunday Law Cases.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d.—The excitement incident to the wholesale arrests of Sunday-law violators made yesterday showed signs this morning of moderation. The docketing of the 512 names on the City Prison register was finished this morning by the Prison Keeper, who placed them on to-morrow's docket. The list comprises 14 pages. The cases will, therefore, come up at 10 o'clock to-morrow in their proper Courts, when they will undoubtedly be continued in a body for a month or so. The League of Freedom has engaged an attorney for each Court.

Fire—Supreme Court Decision.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d.—A two story frame dwelling, No. 104 Fourteenth street, was partially destroyed by fire this evening. Loss, $1,500.

The Supreme Court to-day, by affirming the judgment of the lower Court in the case of Hughes vs. Bray, decided that a purchaser may recover damage in cases where the goods bought by sample are not up to the sample standard. The sample displayed in selling must be considered a warranty of the grade of the goods.

The Appolating Power.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d.—The Finance Committee of the Board of Supervisors will, at a meeting to-morrow, request the opinion of the City and County Attorney as to where the power is vested to appoint Police Commissioners, it being claimed by some that the appointing power rests with Governor Perkins. Others argue that the Supervisors may appoint, as the Commission is purely a local organization, and that the judicial tribunal by which the Commissioners were originally appointed being three Judges of District Courts has been succeeded by the Superior Courts created by the new Constitution.

Proposed Democratic Reorganization.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d.—The subcommittee of ten appointed several weeks ago to prepare a system for the reorganization of the Democracy of San Francisco, have issued a lengthly circular report, embodying a detailed and elaborate plan for accomplishing the purpose. Among other suggestions, it is proposed to organize forty-seven clubs in the city according to the number of voters. Another proposition is to provide for twenty-seven clubs. On the question of the number of clubs the committee are divided. As yet neither plan has been ratified. It is the purpose of the committee to effect a thorough and radical reorganization of the Democratic party in the city.

Sunday Law Violators Fined.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d.—Ah Toy and Chin Wy, who were arrested for having kept their places of business open last Sunday, pleaded guilty in Department Two to-day of the Police Court, and on motion of the attorney for the people they were fined $5 each.

AN ADDRESS.

Ministers and Other Citizens to the Mayor and Other Officers in San Francisco.

The following is the full text of the address of the San Francisco ministers and citizens favoring the Sunday law, on the occasion of their recent visit to the Mayor, Chief of Police and the Prosecuting Attorney of San Francisco:

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen: Much effort has been and is being put forth to make the impression that the statute known as the Sunday law is an unjust, an odious measure, impossible of enforcement. We believe that there exists an organization, or league, whose avowed purpose is to embarrass and defeat the enforcement of the law. Such a conspiracy is a hundred times more audacious, and, if not promptly and vigorously met, a thousand times more dangerous, than the illicit distillers in the mountains of Tennessee and North Carolina. Thus far this treasonable organization has had little less than an unchallenged career, insomuch that the unthinking have been deluded into the belief that its ostentatiously-paraded statements contain some substance of truth. Doubtless many of the conspiracy in question have been cajoled into the league under great unintelligence as to the turpitude of the crime contemplated and the magnitude of the danger involved in the disloyal experiment.

For these reasons, and all others which ought to modify the action of loyal citizens, we have deemed it expedient to assure you, the executive officers of the city, and through you all whom it may concern, that there is a large and determined majority of tax-paying citizens who desire and expect the enforcement of the law.

It is settled, as a matter of science and experience, that all laborers, all members of the employed classes, all workers with nerve and brain, must enjoy one day of rest in seven, in order to preserve physical, mental and moral health. The conveniences of business, the harmony of the industries, the traditions of the nation, the lessons of our history, the recognition of constitutional and common and statute law, the good order of society, the domestic quiet necessary to the full enjoyment of the benefits of the day, the structural plan of the American Government, and the suggestions of comprehensive statesmanship under it, point to the high expediency of designating one and the same day for the whole people. The day commonly called Sunday is the only day on which it would be possible to fix with any approach to a broad and intelligent agreement. It has been conspicuously recognized throughout our entire history by Constitutions, Legislatures and Courts. It is interwoven with the whole order of our national life, and could not be substituted without measureless confusion and loss. Other Sabbaths are days of religious observance by comparatively small numbers, and have no date value or commercial and legal significance in the general system. The law does not forbid any man to rest on any other day, nor does it forbid him to work on Sunday. So far, every man may satisfy his conscience and follow his bent. With designated exceptions, it very properly forbids him to keep open any place of business, or to compel or require others to work, or any place of mercenary temptation to lure the weak and unwary into wasteful expenditures, and into excesses which disquiet the day and defeat the intent of the law.

If, then, the civil Sabbath must of general necessity be one day, and that day Sunday, every dictate of prudence and manhood government suggests that the laborer's rest-day should be for health, home-life, and mental and domestic improvement; free alike from the exactions of capital, the oppressions of power, and the demoralizing solicitations of cupidity. No attempt is made to compel men to worship or to keep the Sabbath religiously, but only require them to be just to the profoundest needs of human nature in the relations of industrial, domestic and civil life. It cannot be but that every virtuous calling and every industry demanded by authentic civilization will be advantaged by the operation of the law. If there is any occupation which cannot tolerate such a law, that occupation must be at war with the best interests of society.

Such in brief, are the character and objects of the Sunday law. To as time that it cannot be enforced is to confess a weakness disreputable to the government and damaging to the reputation of the city and the State. To refuse to enforce it is to invite disorganization and anarchy. Sunday will be exceptionally a day of dissipation, domestic misery and public crime, or exceptionally a day of personal sobriety, domestic comfort and public quiet. Which it shall be will now depend on the supineness or vigor, the cowardice or courage, the perjury or fidelity of the functionaries charged with the execution of the law.

Without consuming time with argument, we hasten to assure you, sir, and gentlemen, of our unshaken confidence in the ability and official integrity of the executive officers of this city; and through you to say to all parties in interest that there is a large, calm and determined constituency, who not only desire the enforcement of the law, but are resolved to do what they may in every legitimate way to defeat the machinations of rebellion, and prevent such a triumph of conspiracy as would blast the good name of the city, and menace every law by which our liberties are guarded and every right we hold dear. We represent, directly, say fifty churches, with a large citizen membership, everyone of whom is law-abiding and—in case of need—may be relied upon as law-enforcing. Outside of this circle, which is unpotential only in the fancy of the uninformed, is another, composed of many hundreds of pledged temperance men in a single order, whose past activity is a presage of their future energy. Outside of this is a large number of members of other organizations, too intelligent to be deceived by a false cry, and too patriotic to stand supinely by and see the guarantics of liberty insolently trampled under foot in the purblind interest of a few whose gains depend on the amount of misery they can create. Outside of all these there is a still larger constituency of sober, industrious citizens, augmented by a multitude who have felt the power of appetite or suffered indirectly the scorchings of the fire, and therefore wish to remove temptation from the purview of their rest-day rambles, who will answer to any call the civil government may make upon them for maintaining the supremacy of law. Outside of all these is a great assemblage of wives, children, mothers of endangered sons, and sisters of imperiled brothers, whose rights are as sacred as though they were able to defend them by bayonet and ballot. These must be considered in any comprehensive measure of legislation for the public good.

Thus far this vast constituency has calmly waited for the decision of the highest Court. The calmness of their courage may have emboldened the demoralizers into the notion that the opposition to their disorganizing purposes would be timid and temporary. We are sure that you, Mr. Mayor and gentlemen, do not labor under such a misapprehension. We therefore make these delibe ate statements much more in the hope of undeceiving the victims of misreckoning, than to intimate to the executive officers of the municipal government the grave importance of promptly and vigorously discharging the functions which they are sworn to perform, and which have been insolently set at defiance.

For ourselves—if you will indulge us yet a moment—we try to keep the Sabbath in a Christian way. But, in pleading for a civil Sabbath, we speak only as citizens, conceding all the rights we claim, and claiming all that we concede. Clearly recognizing the fact that a people endowed with the ballot, and the right of private and public discussion, can have no valid reason for rebellion, we are accustomed to submit to laws which we do not approve till they can be lawfully repealed or amended. If any and every class or calling may usurp the powers of Legislatures and Courts, then government is at an end and anarchy ensues. For the base disloyalty of the mercenary leaders of this latest "whisky rebellion," therefore, who would purchase guilty gains at the price of treason, no language of denunciation is too strong; but we should do injustice to our convictions if we did not cherish a kinder feeling toward their dupes and tools, who, for obvious reasons, do not discern the logical consequences of their false position. Yet, it must not be forgotten that

"Evil is wrought by want of thought,
As well as want of heart."

Practically, "a blunder is as bad as a sin;" and the harm is doubly aggravated when the "blunder" is found to be under the adroit leadership of the "sin."

We will only tarry to assure you again of the conscientious support of a large and influential body of citizens, whose rights are too dear to them to be bartered for inglorious ease, and whose liberties, safe only while law is supreme, they will not consent to see jeopardized by a lawlessness which lordly and ludicrously proclaims itself in the prostituted name of Freedom.

If we have appeared to aim especially at one class, it is because that class only has proclaimed its purpose of non-submission to the law. This instance, being the first in the history of our State in which organized rebellion has openly challenged the Government, has an importance in its bearing upon the future which entitles it to so much distinction.

A St. Louis man has actually been caught bragging of the greatness of Chicago. He pleaded, in extenuation, that he was talking to an English barbarian, and was trying to convince the benighted heathen of the greatness of this country, and he mentioned Chicago as smaller than St. Louis. But good society in the latter city shuns him.—[Boston Post.

MEN AND WOMEN that pursue sedentary occupations need to take Kidney-Wort.

MARRIED.

San Francisco, March 22—Henry E. B. Faucett to Gussie Cogniasse.
San Francisco, March 22—C. D. Vincent to Grace L. Walrath.
Stockton, March 21—Joseph Steinhart to Fannie Marks.
Downieville, March 14—Judge A. J. Howe to Mrs. E. A. L. Ryan.

BORN.

Sacramento, March 20—Wife of B. Shinkle, a son.
Dixie Valley, February 16—Wife of T. J. Wright, a son.
Lowell Hill, Nevada county, March 6—Wife of C. D. Eastin, a daughter.

DIED.

Sacramento, March 22—John Harmson, a native of Germany, 50 years, 1 month and 8 days.
[Funeral notice hereafter.]
Relief Hill, Nevada county, March 16—Benjamin D. Harris, 29 years and 7 months.
Sonora, March 5—George W. Tubbs, 31 years.
Sonora, March 8—Annie Luker, 60 years.
Marysville, March 19—Thomas J. McCormick, 74 years, 9 months and 14 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Regular meeting of Sacramento Division, No. 218, Sons of Temperance, at 7:30 sharp. Business of importance.
EDGAR H. RIVETT, W. P.
GEO. BATES, R. S. m24-1t*

To-night at 8 o'clock, at the Congregational Church, Hon. Eli Johnson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will lecture on the subject: "What they Drink and How They Make It." Admission free. Come, everybody. m24-1t*

Attention, Company A, Independent Light Battery.—Officers and members will assemble at the Cadets' Armory THIS (Friday) EVENING, March 24th, at 7:30 o'clock. By order.
W. A. HOUGHTON, Captain.
J. W. STANEART, O. S. [S. C.] m24-1t

Red Jacket Tribe, No. 28, Imp. O. R. M.—Every member of this Tribe is earnestly requested to attend the Council Fire THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock, as there is to be an adoption of applicants. There will be a large number of palefaces scalped to-night. GEO. J. SCULLEY, Sachem.
J. L. JACKSON, C. of R. [S. C.] m24 1t

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN, CITY and county, for Celluloid Door and Finger Plates, made in perfect imitation of Ebony, Ivory, Tortoise Shell, Russian Malachite, and Marbles of all styles; Door Plates lettered in Old English, Script and Block, with Gold, Silver or Black Lettering; retail, lettered and finished, for $2 each; finger plates, plain, 75 cents—ornamented, $1 each. Business is a monopoly, fully protected and very profitable. Neat sample cases, in book form, containing one dozen assorted colors, for agents. For territory and terms, address E. W. MELVIN, Sacramento, sole agent for California. m24-1w*

$2 000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security. Inquire of CARL STROBEL, 321 J street. m24-3t*

NOTICE—BUSINESS CHANCES BOUGHT AND sold on Commission by CARL STROBEL, 321 J street. m24 1t*

"Oddities of Southern Life,"

By Henry Watterson,

Editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal.

See the April CENTURY MAGAZINE.

CARD.

I DESIRE TO STATE TO THE PUBLIC THAT Steamer and Hose Cart No. 1 responded as promptly to the fire alarm yesterday as it ever has to any call, notwithstanding the statement made in last evening's "Bee;" but it must be remembered that in a run of only two blocks steam cannot be got in sufficient quantity to work the steamer, but if got to work in a very short space of time, and in the mean time the stream taken from the plug was sufficient; the best evidence of this, and that good work was done, being that the fire was confined to the room where it originated.
HENRY GUTHRIE,
m24-1t Foreman of Steamer No. 1.

The Persecution of the Jews in Russia

From a Russian Point of View.

See the April CENTURY MAGAZINE.

The Hussar Band
OF SACRAMENTO.

HAVING ORGANIZED A BRASS AND REED Band under the above name, composed of eighteen of the principal musicians of this city, we are prepared to furnish first-class music for all occasions at reasonable rates. All communications will receive prompt attention. FRED. MELVILLE, Leader and Business Manager, 301½ J street.
L. D. JONES, m24-4p1m Business Manager, 820 K street.

The Blessings of Piracy,

By Edward Eggleston.

The international copyright question and "cheap reprints" considered by an American author.

See the April CENTURY MAGAZINE.

SHERBURN & SMITH

Will sell at Auction on

SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1882,

At 10:30 A. M sharp,

At their Salesroom, No. 393 K street,

A LARGE LOT OF GOODS REMOVED TO OUR store for convenience of sale, in part as follows:
Walnut Marble-Top Chamber Set;
Cottage Chamber Set; Green Rep Parlor Set;
Six Double Beds and Spring Mattresses;
Two new Carpet-covered Lounges;
Three Tapestry Carpets;
Two Cooking Ranges and Fixtures;
Gold-plated Watch and Chain; 25 new Albums,
And a host of goods too numerous to mention.
m24-2t SHERBURN & SMITH, Auctioneers.

OPERA IN NEW YORK,

By Richard Grant White,

Is one of the richly illustrated articles in the

April CENTURY MAGAZINE.

WIRE.

10,000 BUNDLES BRIGHT AND ANNEALED MARKET WIRE.
3,000 BUNDLES GALVANIZED WIRE.
500 MILES GALVANIZED TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE WIRE.
—ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY—
A. S. HALLIDIE,
Wire Mills and Wire Rope Works,
No. 6 California st. [m18-2p1m] San Francisco

STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS.

A. HEYMAN, SOLE AGENT, 1 street, bet. Sixth and Seventh, opposite Court-house. PIANOS TO LET. Pianos sold on installments. m9-2m1m

UNION
INSURANCE COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO
Fire and Marine.
CAPITAL, fully paid.....$750,000
Losses promptly adjusted and paid in gold coin.
CADWALADER & PARSONS,
General Agents Sacramento Division, No. 61 J street.
m13-4ptf

THE PIONEER BOX FACTORY
Still Ahead of All Competitors.
COOKE & SON
CORNER OF
Front and H streets.....Sacramento.
m2-4ptf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WEINSTOCK & LUBIN

FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1882.

SACRAMENTO TEMPERATURE.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY:		TEMPERATURE CORRESPONDING DAY, 1881:	
Highest,	72	Highest,	74
Lowest,	45	Lowest,	53

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY IN NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

[Special by Telegraph—Courtesy of the RECORD-UNION.]

NEW YORK.		CHICAGO.	
Highest,		Highest,	54
Lowest,	33	Lowest,	32

TO-DAY,

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

— KID —

GLOVES!

TO-DAY, the GLOVES spoken of yesterday will be ready for sale. The following is a list of the styles and prices:

3-button Kid Gloves,	...	18 cents
4-button Kid Gloves,	...	28 cents
6-button Kid Gloves,	...	48 cents

Portions of the above are slightly soiled, but not enough to injure the wear or appearance.

THE FOLLOWING LINES ARE IN PERFECT CONDITION:

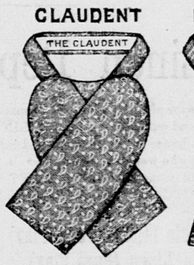
3-hook	Kid	Gloves,	...	77 cents
5 and 6-hook	"	"	...	87 cents
7 and 8-hook	"	"	...	97 cents

WE SHALL LIKELY HAVE A LARGE AND EARLY DEMAND FOR THESE GLOVES, AND TO SECURE DESIRED SIZES IT WILL BE WELL FOR PURCHASERS TO BE PROMPTLY ON HAND.

In all departments, we are getting in special lines of the finest goods obtainable—those which, from their recognized superiority or the renown of the maker, are considered superlative. Within a fortnight, we have announced the coming of two such lots of goods. One in the Hat Department, and the other in the Shoe-room, and to-day we call attention to a display of MEN'S FINE NECK-WEAR, just received from FISK, CLARK & FLAGG, New York. This firm enjoys a National reputation, and their goods are the finest and costliest made; but when their novelty, style and unapproachable finish are considered they will not be found proportionately higher priced than less expensive kinds. We also have from the same firm an invoice of fine GLOVES for Men's street wear. We shall take pleasure in showing any of these goods to those who are interested in the finest things the market affords.

SCARFS

CLAUDENT



FLEXOR



FISK, CLARK & FLAGG,

Patentees and Only Manufacturers.

THE CLAUDENT is the best-fitting flat scarf in the world.

THE FLEXOR SCARFS have a jointed shield, and are made in four styles, each of which represent a scarf tied by the wearer.

THE PUNJAB SCARF made to wash.

Our new styles for MAY, in all these shapes, are for sale everywhere.

All our Scarfs are patented, and buyers should look for our name on the back of each.

Exceptionally good value in Youths' Gray Tweed Suits, $3 50; ages, 11 to 16 years. *

Moire Striped Dress Satins, in half-a-dozen fashionable shades, $1 25. *

Men's Best White Shirts, in all sizes, at $1 75 and $2. We can imagine the need of nothing finer in shape, style or finish. Many grades at lower prices. *

Splendid values abound in LACE CURTAINS, which we have from 16 2-3 cents a yard upwards. Particular attention is called to the tape-bound sorts, which will be found more serviceable than those with lace-finished edges. Lace Curtains, in Sets, and Lace Lambrequins. *

MECHANICS' STORE.

Nos. 400, 402, 404, 406, 408 K st., Sacramento.

ONE PRICE.

RAILROADS, STEAMERS, ETC.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.

OVERLAND TICKET OFFICE:
OAKLAND FERRY, FOOT OF MARKET STREET.

Commencing Saturday, June 4, 1881,
AND UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
TRAIN AND BOATS WILL LEAVE SACRAMENTO AS FOLLOWS:

ORIGINAL DEFECTIVE

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

FRIDAY.....MARCH 24, 1882

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

Metropolitan Theater—Minstrels to night.

Sacramento Division Sons of Temperance—This evening.

Lecture to-night at Congregational Church—Eli Johnson.

Red Jacket Tribe Red Men—This evening.

Agents wanted—Celluloid door and finger plates.

Card—Steamer No. 1 promptly at the fire.

$2,000 to loan—Carl Strobel.

Notice—Business chances bought and sold.

"Oldities of Southern Life"—By Henry Watterson.

"The Persecution of the Jews in Russia."

The "Blessings of Piracy"—By Edward Eggleston.

"Opera in New York"—By Richard Grant White.

The Hussar Band—Melville and Jones managers.

Auction.

Sherbarn & Smith—Saturday at salesroom, 325 K street.

Business Advertisements.

Weinstock & Lubin—Kid gloves and scarfs.

Hale Bros. & Co.—Special inducements this week.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

OUR SIDEWALKS.—Many and loud are the complaints of the pedestrians on J and K streets that the merchants use the entire sidewalk for making a display of their goods and wares. In fact on J street there are some two or three stores that use the entire sidewalk with the exception of about three feet in the center. They place much of their stock in trade on the sidewalk in the morning, and take it back in the store room in the evening. Some music-dealers leave their empty piano boxes on the walks for months at a time. Some grocers almost cover them up with codfish and potatoes. This is all wrong, and is a great inconvenience to the public. The attention of these merchants, also that of the police force, is called to Section 3 of Chapter 8 of the ordinances of this city, which reads as follows: "No person or business firm shall use any portion of the sidewalk in any part of the city for any purpose whatever, excepting only for the display of goods, wares and merchandise, and for the purpose of displaying goods, only four feet in width, commencing at the front line of the lot; provided, however, that merchants and others receiving and delivering goods shall be allowed six hours from the time they are deposited until they are removed; and, provided further, that a space of six feet in width shall at all times be kept clear for the accommodation of persons passing. Any person violating this ordinance, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the city jail not exceeding ten days, or by fine not exceeding $500, or by both fine and imprisonment."

WAR AGAINST INSECT PESTS.—In May, 1881, the apple orchard at the Navato ranch, Marin county, was infested by a species of tent caterpillar—*Clisiocampa constricta*. In order to save part of the crop, it cost Mr. De Long $1,800. The number of caterpillars destroyed was immense, and the crop saved brought nearly $20,000. During the last two months a gang of men have been employed picking the rings of eggs deposited by the moths last fall off the trees. Mr. De Long forwarded to Matthew Cooke a package containing one-fourth of the eggs collected to the 18th inst; they weigh thirty-five ounces avordupois, and cost to gather $54. Probably about three pounds more will be gathered. Mr. Cooke has the specimens sent him in six sealed bottles, preserved in alcohol. It takes an average of 600 rings of eggs to weigh one ounce, each ring contains from 200 to 400 eggs, showing that the work done in this manner by Mr. De Long will be equal to the destruction of about 60,000,000 of caterpillars. Mr. Cooke says there is no doubt of Mr. De Long being master of the situation, so far as this pest is concerned. If the specimens can be seen at the office of Mr. Cooke, and are worthy of the attention of fruit-growers. Another proof that perseverance will gain the victory.

BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.—The interest in the billiard contest at the parlors of the Union Hotel still increases. The spacious room is filled every evening by spectators, who manifest great interest in the contest. Last evening the game was played between T. Gleason and S. Bostwick. Mr. Gleason did some excellent playing, as the score below will show. His best run was 25. The score was as follows: Gleason—1 13 0 0 2 0 0 19 0 0 2 6 25 1 0 3 0 2 8 0 0 0 5 9 7 5 1 3 4 2 2 3 8 0 1 8 2 10 9 2 0 3 0 4 0 1 1 0 6 1 7 3 0 20—56 innings; average, 3 47. Bostwick—0 3 0 2 5 0 0 2 3 0 2 0 1 5 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 6 0 1 3 3 0 5 4 10 2 1 1 0 2 5 1 0 2 0 6 0 4 1 3 2 1 1 0 0 0 2 2 0 7—55 innings; average, 1 39 55. The game now stands as follows: Thomas Gleason, 2; Harry Gamble, 1; Russell Flint, 1. The fifth game of the tournament will be played this evening between Lloyd Amsden and Harry Gamble.

MERCHANDISE REPORT.—The following freight passed Odgen for Sacramento, to arrive on the 26th: For John Breuner, 2 boxes marble, 1 box walnut furniture; Billingsley & Co., 6 bales clothes lines; Locke & Lavenson, 1 roll matting; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 1 box hardware, 2 cars iron, 1 car iron pipe, 1 box nails, 12 boxes blacking, 28 boxes wagon bolts, 7 boxes iron screws; Durham, Carrigan & Co., 4 bales and 1 case cotton goods; Weinstock & Lubin, 6 boxes boots and shoes; Booth & Co., 1 box cigarettes, 2 boxes tobacco; Casey & Cronin, 1 case cigars; S. J. Nathan & Co., 3 boxes hats; W. J. O'Brien, 1 box shoes; Hall, Luhrs & Co., 500 cases corn, 25 boxes canned clams; Central Pacific Railroad, 1 car lathes, 2 boxes dry goods.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.—Articles of incorporation have been filed with the Secretary of State of the Pasadena Land and Water Company of Pasadena, Los Angeles county. Directors—O. R. Dougherty, H. G. Bennett, A. O. Porter, C. H. Watts, S. Washburn, E Turner and P. M. Green. Capital stock, $50,000, divided into 200 shares. Also, of the United Sons of Hiram, of San Francisco. The purposes for which it is formed are mutual aid, benefit, relief and assistance to its members, to acquire, hold, let, lease and dispose of real estate for the purposes of the association. Directors—Pierre Amidie, Jean Rine Lafaix, George Dentz, Victor Duform and Pierre Priquet.

INCORPORATION.—There is to be filed today with the Secretary of State articles of incorporation of the Gold Park Trading Company. Object, to carry on a general trading, mining and milling business in the State of Nevada, with headquarters at San Francisco. Trustees—Henry M. Morse, William C. Andrews, Oscar H. La Grange, John Gamaze and Jerome Deary. Capital stock, $100,000, divided into 1,000 shares of $100 each.

RUNAWAY.—Yesterday afternoon a horse attached to a grocery delivery wagon entered upon a runaway at Seventh and I streets. The young man driving lost entire control of the horse. At Sixth and I streets it collided with the spring wagon belonging to Mrs. C. G. Hidden and came very near demolishing the latter. After the horse ran several blocks the driver managed to stop him without further damage.

NOTARIES APPOINTED.—The Governor has appointed the following Notaries Public: John P. Leonard for Butte county, to reside at Oroville; William B. Coville for Santa Clara county, to reside at San Jose; C. C. Wright for Stanislaus county, to reside at Modesto; John K. Dollison for Humboldt county, to reside at Eureka; M. D. Baker for San Joaquin county, to reside at Stockton.

LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—This evening, at 8 o'clock, at the Congregational Church, Hon. Eli Johnson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will lecture on the subject: "What They Drink and How They Make It." Admission is free, and a general invitation extended to all.

INSANE EN ROUTE.—Sheriff Harkey, of Sutter county, passed through Sacramento yesterday, on his way to Stockton with an insane man named Thomas Thompson. The afflicted man has been in the asylum before, but was discharged some five years ago.

LIBEL SUIT.—The case of The People vs. John Bruner, for libel, was yesterday held in Justice Tubbs' Court. A great many witnesses were examined, and the defendant held to answer to the Superior Court. Bail fixed at $500.

JUST received, twenty-three dozen extra fine French kid button shoes, for ladies—the finest lot of goods in Sacramento. The sizes run from 2 to 7. They are made with the common-sense heel. See this line of goods, ladies; they will suit you in style, quality and price, at the Leading Shoe House, 411 J street. Lewis Bros.

THE LEADING STYLES in shade hats for ladies and misses: Dame Hubbard, Cascade, Wildmore, Melusine, the Bon-Ton, Highland, Imperial, etc. Shown at the NEW Millinery Parlors of the Red House.

THE HOUSE that marks their goods in plain figures. Lewis Bros., 411 J street.

A SLIGHT BLAZE.

Unwarranted Aspersions of the Fire Department.

Shortly before 9 o'clock yesterday morning an alarm of fire was sounded from the Water Works. The department responded with its usual promptness, and the fire was soon extinguished with a very slight loss. The fire occurred in a China Joss house, the property of J. D. Tate, Second and I streets, and originated in the upper story of the building. The loss is some $250, and is covered by insurance in the Union Company of San Francisco, of which Cadwalader & Parsons, of this city, are agents. The above is a full, complete and truthful statement of the entire affair. Our evening contemporary, however, gave a very different statement. It said, "An alarm was sounded from box 22." There is no box 22. It was the alarm from the Water Works. It stated that "the fire originated in the basement." The fire originated in the upper story. It said, "No. 1 was slow in reaching the scene." No. 1 was playing a stream on the fire in just three minutes after the first alarm, and made the run in just two minutes and a half. Henry Guthrie, foreman of No. 1, in a card, says:

I desire to state to the public that steamer and hose-cart No. 1 responded as promply to the fire alarm yesterday as they have ever to any call, notwithstanding the statement made in last evening's *Bee*; but it must be remembered that in a run of only two blocks steam cannot be got in sufficient quantity to work the steamer. But it got to work in a very short space of time, and in the meantime the stream taken from the plug was sufficient, the best evidence of this, and that good work was done, being that the fire was confined to the room where it originated.

It stated that the "Hayes truck did not respond promptly, and that when it did arrive the many men who rode down on its side-planks did but little good, comparatively. There was an incessant hullabaloo all the while the fire was in progress, and it was generally asserted that the department proved itself on this occasion to be thoroughly incompetent." One of the heaviest underwriters in this city was present during the entire fire, and states that this assertion is entirely untrue. The Hayes truck arrived at the fire in exactly three and a half minutes, and went quietly to work. There was no noise or unusual hooting, but, on the contrary, it was one of the quietest and best-managed fires he had ever witnessed. The paper was not satisfied with condemning the firemen, engines and hose, but also attacked the horse of hose-cart No. 1. The horse is a new one, a little green, but is considered by all competent judges to be the best animal in the department. It also goes further, and insinuates that Engine No. 2 was at the time the alarm was given at Brighton or some other remote point in the county, and that when it reached the scene of the fire it was too late to be of service, and that the horses were in a "forlorn condition." The boys of No. 2 deny the accusation in toto. They state that they were at their engine-house on Tenth street when the alarm was sounded, promptly responded, and reached the fire as soon as could be expected by any reasonable person, taking the distance they had to travel—nine blocks—into consideration. It must be said for the present fire department that it is well and ably managed. The Fire Commissioners are all gentlemen who in every sense of the word are representative citizens. In selecting those composing the Paid Fire Department they have used commendable judgment, and to-day the Paid Fire Department of Sacramento city, from the Chief down to the humblest member, is equal to any, if not the best in the country.

These commendations of the firemen of Sacramento are not in the line of flattery. They are simply statements of fact, and it is but just to the department that they be made unmistakably plain. These men risk their lives, for small recompense, in protecting the lives and property of others, and all unprejudiced citizens are cognizant of the promptness and efficiency of the department, which misrepresentation and captious criticism will not tend to increase. The department has been made the subject of unwarranted attacks from the quarter indicated ever since the unfortunate death of Frank Ruhstaller's children, who perished in the flames last summer, when the firemen were indirectly charged by the same authority with lack of energy in attempting their rescue.

LAND PATENTS.—Register Taylor reports that the following patents for agricultural lands were received at the United States Land Office in this city yesterday, and that parties holding the duplicate receipts therefore will, upon the delivery of the same, receive their patents, to wit:

John C. Andreason,	David Lee,
Thos. Allen,	Garry Lewis, Jr.,
Peter Anderson,	James H. Lowry,
Zar. P. Brandon,	R. Lasano,
Jennetta Ball,	Wm. Morris,
James W. Brier,	W. H. McGregor,
John M. Eversman,	Jesse Millikan,
Angelo B gio,	Patrick Mooney,
Asmus Crogh,	Jno. E. Masson,
Joseph W. Brown,	W. P. Mitchell,
John D. Buckley,	Geo. D. H. Myers,
Angeline Crist,	W. T. Moore,
James H. Collier,	F. McElhany,
Chas. Corcoran,	Louis Mina,
Harriet Coe,	Thos. Orr,
John Carre,	John H. Peters,
Mary Casmer,	Cynthia Pickett,
Alex. Duffield,	G. Peirano,
Alex. De Long,	E. H. Perry,
Martha J. Dent,	W. B. Plumb,
James W. Dickie,	R. Powers,
Levi Davis,	M. Peirano,
R. Ellis,	Mary Pfeiffer,
John Everet,	G. Peirano,
Jas. I. Evans,	A. A. Pressley,
D. Freculia,	James Payton,
Elias P. Fletcher,	J. B. Polley,
Geo. W. Folsom,	A. W. Rutledge,
Martin Fisher,	G. Rodeiho,
Wm. Ford,	Eli A. Smith,
Thos. C. Fisk,	Alex. Stronach,
Wm. Greely,	Agnes Stinocemier,
Walter Grant,	Jos. Simcich,
John F. W. Greve,	G. L. Shelly,
Frank Green,	John Schindler,
Ann Gavaux,	T. Swindlehurst,
John C. Ham,	Levi Tyler,
A. W. Harrington,	Richard Tubbs,
Patrick Hearty,	Jacob Vandament,
Benj. B. Halsey,	A. Vertrees,
John Harker,	Edward Vauhn,
John P. Harker,	A. P. Van Slyke,
Wm. Ribergh,	Jonas Wallin,
W. A. Irwin,	F. Westmoreland,
Gus. F. Johnson,	Wm. Walters,
Fred. Kurtz,	N. C. Williams,
Chas. Klus,	A. R. Wheat,
F. Kearny,	Wm. Wilson,
Geo. Kreth,	H. Weaver,
C Kendrick,	Samuel E. Wilson,
Stephen Kendall,	J. J. White,
A. S Ledford,	H. T. White,
Benj. H. Loury,	John C. White,
John G. Lemmon,	W. O. Wallace,
Lawrence Long,	H. H. Waters.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.—Leavitt's "Gigantean Minstrels" had a crowded house last night. They gave a thoroughly good performance; one of the best variety minstrel entertainments that has been presented to this public. The especially attractive features were, the thirty minstrels on the stage; the very fine orchestra; the musical imitations by P. C. Shortis; the comical acrobatic exercises of Conners and Kelly; the admirable female impersonations by Burton Stanley; the "Three Musical Rankins," well-known here; the wonderful imitations of birds and fine whistling and ventriloquial effects by Sloman; and the very amusing and well acted burlesque on the comic opera "La Mascotte." The leading vocalists are good, and are Sinclair, Lamont, Kellogg and Tyrell. The introduction of harp, cornet, trombone and violin in obligato during the first part was an especially pleasing feature. The whole entertainment is as good as any lover of modern negro minstrelsy ought to desire, and the audience last night gave unmistakable evidences of its satisfaction. The one fault to be found with it is the questionable taste of so much reference by the twelve end men to terms that refer to their knowledge of and the supposed familiarity of their auditors with gambling games. A little less of this is desirable. Another performance by the troupe to-night.

COMPANY B.—Company B, of the First Artillery Regiment, held their regular weekly drill last evening. About sixty members were present. Although the youngest company of the regiment it is one of the best drilled.

NEW CITIZEN.—Hugo Frotmelt, a native of Germany, was admitted to citizenship, on the oath of George Landon and William Kretsmer.

THERE ARE EIGHT REASONS why the Red House gets away with all the other boot and shoe houses in town, in kip boots and shoes: They never misrepresent them; they are made from full stock; all solid and firm soleleather soles, and no paper used; they are made in the East by first-class mechanics; put together with standard screws, and cannot be ripped; are bought from first hands, and no middlemen paid; and every pair sold with a guarantee of satisfaction or money returned

IF YOU are simply ailing—if you feel weak and dispirited without clearly knowing why—ten to one that you have been wearing boots and shoes bought at (perhaps) dry goods houses, where no pains are taken to give good fits. Remember that every man to his trade is a good rule, and hereafter buy your boots and shoes at the Leading Shoe House of Lewis Bros., 411 J street. One price to all.

GENTS' AND BOYS' spring hats, in a large variety of styles, at Red House.

THE talk of the town is the Leading Boot and Shoe House, 411 J street.

BREVITIES.

New buildings are in course of erection in almost every part of the city.

Tim Lee is hunting jurymen. He has to have 100 for next Wednesday.

The weather yesterday was mild and spring-like. Thermometer, 72°.

Only one case in the Police Court yesterday. "The lone drunken man," fine, $5.

The Board of Supervisors was in session yesterday but transacted no important business.

J. H. Corbin will present the winning dog in the coursing match next Sunday a handsome silver collar.

Sacramento river is clearer now than it has been since 1850. Its hight last evening was 19 feet and 2 inches.

Con Sullivan's dog Grant was ran over and killed by the Hayes truck yesterday when it was running to the fire.

The latest report is that the Hall of Records will be completed some time during the present year. Some doubt it.

The streets have become so dusty during the past two days that the sprinkling carts have been brought into requisition.

The Executive Committee of the Taxpayers' Protective Association meet at the office of Sweetser & Alsip, on Fourth street, this evening.

Flags were raised all over the city yesterday when the news was flashed across the wires that the Chinese bill had passed the House of Representatives.

A new brass band has been formed by the consolidation of the Jones & Beebe's and Melville & Clayton's bands. In the future it will be known as the Hussar Band.

The Licensed Dealers' Executive Committee held another private interview last evening at the club rooms of Joe Goddard. They took in forty new members yesterday.

The express train from the East was about an hour late in arriving here yesterday. The delay was in consequence of a wheel under the mail car breaking at Blue Canyon.

P. A. Callihan is engaged in circulating a petition, which is being largely signed by non-taxpayers, asking the Board of Trustees to repeal all ordinances for the collection of business licenses. What next?

FREE LECTURE.—Hon. Eli Johnson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who arrives here this morning from the East, delivers a free lecture tonight at the Congregational Church, on temperance. His subject is "What they drink and how they make it—The power of the traffic." Mr. Johnson is spoken of by Eastern papers as a lecturer of much power, and as affording his audiences a most agreeable entertainment. He illustrates his lectures with exemplifications of compounds from which cheap liquors are made. Mr. Johnson is en route for Australia.

AUCTION.—Sherburn & Smith will sell at auction to-morrow, at 10:30 A. M., at their salesroom, No. 323 K street, a large lot of goods removed to their store for convenience of sale, in part as follows: Walnut chamber set, cottage chamber set, green rep parlor set, six double beds and spring mattresses, two new carpet-covered lounges, three tapestry carpets, two cooking ranges and fixtures, gold-plated watch and chain, twenty-five new albums, and a large variety of other goods.

SUPERIOR COURT JURISDICTION.—The Supreme Court has held in the case of David Bixler vs. The Board of Supervisors of Sacramento County, that the Superior Court has no jurisdiction to review on certiorari the action of the Board in vacating an order directing a supplemental assessment to be made in a reclamation district, because such action was ministerial and not judicial in its nature.

AUCTION TO DAY.—Bell & Co., auctioneers, will sell this morning, at 10:30 o'clock, at salesroom, No. 916 J street, a large invoice of furniture, bedding and housekeeping goods of all kinds, consisting, in part, as follows: Two good bed lounges, two bedroom sets, with clipper-edge spring and top mattresses, and feather pillows, two cook stoves, one range, wardrobes, tables, chairs, center tables, etc.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.

There are few if any of our readers who do not know Mr. Henry F. Merritt, of the Board of Public Works. There are not many better known men in the city of Chicago; but what is more to the point is that Mr. Merritt is not only well but favorably known. Since Mr. Merritt first entered upon his career as a public man he has had countless friends and enemies—a fact that speaks volumes for that gentleman. He has always proven himself the soul of honor, whether in political or other matters wherein he has had dealings with the public. We now wish to say that Mr. Merritt was never known to be behind the times, but on the contrary he has always been in the lead in matters wherein the public good is concerned. Speaking of the public good, Mr. M. is a gentleman who decidedly possesses the knowledge of what is good for the public, and when he sees a good thing, unlike many others, he shares his knowledge with the public.

An attache of this paper lately met Mr. Merritt in the city buildings, and, while discussing the wants of the people and the various remedies employed in allaying them, Mr. Merritt said:

"There is one thing that strikes me as an excellent thing for the people; that is St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy. That is a medicine that will do all that is claimed for it by its proprietors, and more too, I am inclined to think. It is a medicine that possesses remarkable healing properties, and more effective in rheumatism than any other preparation for the cure of that disease that has ever been put up.

"I speak thus of the Oil because I had occasion to test its qualities and know, therefore, whereof I speak. I used St. Jacobs Oil for the rheumatism, and it cured me. I admit that I doubted its good qualities before I used it, but I do so no more. St. Jacobs Oil is a great remedy for the rheumatism and kindred diseases. Most people know it, and the sooner they all find that St. Jacobs Oil is a great thing, the better it will be for them." [Chicago Times.

HEALTH, hope and happiness are restored by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is a positive cure for all those diseases from which women suffer so much. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, No. 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets

AMONG the little items of personal comfort and economy are Ayer's Pills. They are the ready remedy which defeat many disorders, if taken in season, and should be kept in every family.

A DULL HEAD and a bilious stomach can be best conquered by Kidney-Wort.

IF YOU are old and your blood thin, pulse feeble, nerves unsteady, and your faculties waning, you must realize that it is the want of good circulation—no doubt caused by wearing boots and shoes not properly fitted. By all means give all you have to the Howards (in the way of shoes), and go direct to the Leading Shoe House of Lewis Bros., 411 J street, and buy a pair of good shoes cheap, that will not only fit you and look well, but cause all your ailments to disappear.

FINE MILLINERY DISPLAY.—Mrs. P. A. Callihan, the well-known milliner, has just returned from a trip to the East, bringing with her a fine selected stock, direct from importers. These goods will be ready for the inspection of the ladies of Sacramento and its vicinity on Friday and Saturday of this week.

IF PERCHANCE any one doubts what thousands know to be a fact about the Leading Shoe House underselling all their competitors, they have but to call at 411 J street, and they will most certainly be convinced that never before were shoes that will give good satisfaction sold so low in Sacramento. Lewis Bros.

WANTED!—Five hundred men to buy 500 pairs of shoes at the Leading Shoe House of Lewis Bros., 411 J street, at $2 per pair—the very best the market affords for the above price. Call and see us.

CHILDREN'S boots, whole stock, with silver tips and red tops, 7 to 10, for $1 50, at Red House.

FOR WHOOPING COUGH!—Nothing equals Chesley's Rock and Rye.

LADIES' French kid side-lace shoes for sale at Lewis Bros.', 411 J street. Price, $3—only $1 per pair less than others sell them. Lewis Bros., 411 J street.

ONE hundred and thirty-one styles of children's shoes, in button and lace, ranging in price from 50 cents to $2 10, at the Leading Shoe House, 411 J street. Lewis Bros.

MEN'S whole-stock brogans, with half double sole, for $1 35, at Red House.

THE HOUSE that has but one price. Lewis Bros., 411 J street, between Fourth and Fifth. One price.

THE HOUSE that deals exclusively in boots and shoes. Lewis Bros., 411 J street. One price.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

General Jo Hamilton was in the city yesterday.

J. W. McBride, of Siskiyou county, is visiting San Diego.

James Borland and S. Putnam, of Auburn, are in the city.

State Prison Commissioner Neff was in this city yesterday.

Daniel Burns, Secretary of State, left for Ione City yesterday.

Governor Kinkead, of Nevada, is visiting this State this week.

Miss Julia Shelby, of San Francisco, is visiting friends in this city.

G. Branard, the Nasby at the Union House, was in the city yesterday.

Registrar Tharp, of San Francisco, leaves for Washington to-morrow.

A. Van Vechten, a prominent citizen of Albany, N. Y., is visiting in California.

Miss Florence Wing, of San Francisco, is spending a week in this city as a guest of Miss Lena Woodburn.

Matt Murray, one of the Supervisors of Amador county, is visiting this city, the guest of Hugh Casey.

Auditor Brickwedel left San Francisco Wednesday for Sutter county. He will be absent until the 28th instant.

Mrs. B. R. Crocker, Sacramento, and G. A. Rankin, Reno, will arrive by the Southern Pacific this morning.

David Lubin, of the Mechanics' Store in Sacramento, returned yesterday from a visit of several months to the East.

E. N. Robinson, Superintendent of the Richmond mine at Eureka, Nevada, passed through to San Francisco yesterday.

The Bric-a-Brac Club meets to-night at Mrs. John Milliken's residence, H, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, to elect officers.

P. Everts, General Superintendent of the Eureka and Palisade Railroad, came down yesterday morning, on his way to San Francisco.

John M. McPherson, his brother and their wives, left Liverpool on the 17th inst. for California. It is their intention to locate permanently in California.

Three ladies present at Lord Lorne's first levee since his return to Ottawa wore the esthetic sunflower. His sister, Lady Balfour, wore twenty thousand dollars' worth of diamonds.

The young ladies of Nevada City are perfecting themselves in the "Broom Drill" for a local entertainment soon to take place. Good girls—the skill thus obtained will be of an advantage to them as future housekeepers and matrons.

Dainty and elegant smelling-bottles of old silver, set with tiny gems and beautifully carved upon the edge, are now attached to the belt by a chatelaine of silver links. They are shaped like Greek amphorae, and give marked effect to a Grecian toilet, but owing to their high price they are destined to be the exclusive ornaments of the highly-favored of fortune.

Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, is a man with respectable white side-whiskers. His style is lucid, smooth and classical. It is entirely without color or warmth, and when he becomes impulsive he is simply bitter, incisive and intensely cold, and his declamation is like a hail-storm. Senator Hoar has an idea that in being classical in style he is without faults. He is as cool as iced vinegar.

At the Eldred House: J. C. Real, J. L. Miller, city; E. A. Brown, Live Oak; Edward Riley and wife, Healdsville; W. A. Murphy, Sam. Gamble, Robert Mahone, J. O. Sherwood, J. A. Hutchinson, Phil. Mahan, Miss Mary Mahan, Cosumnes; John Long, Stone House; Jos. White, Hangtown Crossing; James Carbine, Michigan Bar; I. Roden, J. Doty, Geo. E. Wilson, Elk Grove; M. M. Thompson, C. H. West, Bodie.

An English scientist considers worry and overwork to be the most important causes of debility. The men, he says, who first enticed women and children into an industrial career, and they who have in later times devised the scheme of competitive examination, have done more to enfeeble the British than can be counterbalanced by the most perfect system of drainage and ventilation, with the highest personal cleanliness superadded.

Longfellow is seldom seen in public. He was a frequent theater-goer until the last year and a half, but he has mostly confined to his house. This is the effect of a painful illness, from which, it is hoped, he may recover. Emerson still comes to Boston from Concord, but he is always attended and generally by his devoted daughter. Whittier, too, is feeling the effects of age the present winter, but he is seen occasionally in Boston, and he writes a good deal.

Hand-painting will occupy a high place in parasol adornment this year. Bead embroidery and arrasene will also be used to decorate them; but nothing is really desirable that adds to the weight of a sun shade. A new model has a ring of seagull's flying around the border of a black satin sunshade, which is lined with silver gray and has a handle of chased silver. Another, made also of black satin, has for a design a small silvery pool, upon which some wild ducks are floating. Birds' nests, built among the grass or on the dead, moss-covered branches of old trees, with birds flying about in various attitudes, are other favorite designs. Sometimes a straggling floral pattern covers the lining, leaving the outside unadorned.

In the city yesterday: E. Maginnis, Adam Smith, W. R. Barnes and wife, A. M. Kean, San Francisco; N. Reints, Los Angeles; Miss Bates, Courtland; J. H. Neff, Colfax; T. M. Todd, James Borland and wife, Auburn; George W. Gary, Woodland; George Williams, J. G. Carpenter, Placerville; Jas. Bailey, Cornwall, New York; Charles M. Yates, Mrs. M. J. Olovs, S. Zekind, San Francisco; A. G. McAbie, Frederick Conn, Columbia, Nev.; H. C. Shaw, Stockton; George A. Hugill, Charles Jordan, F. Giebenhain, Frank Giebenhain, John Gregor, Placerville; G. Froelich, Jackson; O. E. Martin, John Murray, Amador; George Cashman, Cosumnes; Patrick Hagerty, Michigan Bar; R. R. Pierce, Pleasant Grove; George Topping, Dry Creek; C. Eliot, Carson Creek; B. Ingham, Latrobe; J. H. Ferris, J. M. Smith, D. Jenks, George Jenks, Mrs. G. W. Jenks, J. G. Thompson and son, P. S. Dorney, S. Lewis, J. J. Campbell, M. House, Galt; Miss Annie Bryan, Folsom; Charles Smith, Elk Grove.

SUPERIOR COURT.

THURSDAY, March 23, 1882.

DEPARTMENT ONE—CLARK, Judge.

Douglas Jenks, by his guardian, vs. Elizabeth Rae et al.—Continued for the session.

George Jenks, by his guardian, vs. Elizabeth Rae et al.—Same order.

In the matter of the contest of the will of C. G. Hidden—On trial by jury.

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Nearly 11,000 bbls go forward to day to Liverpool per rail. On 'Change to-day Castorville was offered at $4 60 ₱ bbl. We quote as follows: Best City Extra, $5 25; Superfine, $4@4 50; Interior Extra, $4 25@4 75; Interior Superfine, $3 75@4 25 ₱ bbl

WHEAT—Business on call this morning was limited to 100 tons extra choice at $1 65, May delivery. Trade on the outside is quite lively, and free transactions are reported, including 12,800 ctls in lots at $1 60, claimed to be No. 1 quality. A parcel of about 3,000 ctls good shipping changed hands at $1 57½. A lot of 300 tons No. 1 White was offered at $1 61½ in warehouse, when a shipper agreed to pay that figure if delivered alongside, but the proposition was declined. A prominent operator offered to deliver all April at Port Costa at $1 62½, but $1 60 was the limit of exporters. New crop was offered at $1 58 in September against $1 55 bid. Extra choice Sonora is held at $1 65, while the buying figure is 2¢ ₱ ctl less.

BARLEY—Immediate business has been for sometime almost nominal. It is fully a week since a spot sale was made on call, and then the amount was trivial. For No. 1 Brewing $1 70 is daily bid without meeting any response. In Feed there is considerable speculation, and sales for future delivery are quite numerous, though made mostly in small parcels at between 10 and 50 tons each. This morning some 250 tons No. 1 were placed at $1 30, July, while a single 50-ton lot for September went at $1 08. In No. 2 there were spot sales of about 65 tons in 10-ton lots at 97½, while two lots of 10 tons each went at $1 46 ₱ ctl. No. 1 Chevalier was offered at $1 65 all March, while $1 25 was bid for new crop all July, August and September. For No. 2 $1 50 was asked spot.

OATS—Quotable at $1 75 for No. 1. Sale of 40 tons No. 2 at $1 65, inspection waived. For August delivery $1 55 was asked for No. 1 grade.

CORN—Market continues to droop. Further arrivals of Nebraska came to hand to-day. On 'Change No. 2 large Yellow was offered at $1 60. For Nebraska $1 52½ was bid, against $1 58 ₱ ctl asked.

RYE—$2@2 05 ₱ ctl

HAY—Wheat, $15@16; Wild Oat, $14@15; Stable, $11@14 ₱ ton.

HOPS—Washington Territory are quotable at 20@21c; California, 23@25c; Oregon, 19@21c ₱ lb.

SEEDS—Mustard, $2 10@2 25 for Yellow; Canary, 5@5½c; Hemp, 6c; Rape, 2½@3c; Timothy, 8@9c for native, and 10@11c for imported; Alfalfa, 14@15c; Flax, 2½@2¾c ₱ lb.

POTATOES—Prices continue to shade. Petaluma, $2 05@2 15; Tomales, $2@2 15; Early Rose, $2; Garnet Chile, $1 70@1 70; Peerless, $1 65@1 90; Humboldt Red, $2 05@2 10 ₱ ctl.

ONIONS—There are no strictly choice in market. The best of offerings do not command over 90c while sales are reported as low as 40c ₱ ctl.

BEANS—Fair transactions are reported at current rates. Bayos, $3@3 25; Butter, $3 75@4 for small, $4 25 for large; Limas, $3@3 6; Pea, $4 50@4 80; Pink, $2 90@3 10; Red, $2 90@3 10; small White, $4 60@4 75; large White, $4@4 25 ₱ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Asparagus and Rhubarb were both scarce to day, and in good demand at the outside figure. Asparagus, 22½@25c; Rhubarb, 3@10c ₱ lb; Squash, $15@18 ₱ ton for good Marrowfat; Dried Peppers, 18@20c ₱ lb; Artichokes, 25@35c ₱ dozen; Parsnips, $2; Beets, $1; Carrots, 65@75c; Turnips, 75@$1 ₱ ctl; Cauliflower, 50@60c ₱ dozen; Cabbage, $1 ₱ ctl; Garlic, 1@1½c ₱ lb; Green Peas, 12@15c; Green Peppers, 15@20c; Tomatoes, 8@10c; Mushrooms, 8c ₱ lb.

FRUIT—Full figures are obtained for Oranges in order. Apples, $1@1 50 for common and $2@2 75 ₱ box for good to choice; Lemons, $6@7 50 ₱ box for Sicily and $4@5 50 for California; Limes, $12@14 ₱ box for Mexican; California Limes, $7 50 ₱ thousand; California Oranges, $2 25@2 50 for ordinary, and $3@4 ₱ box for choice; Tamarinds, 12@15c ₱ lb; Bananas, $1 50@4 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $8@9 ₱ dozen.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried Apples, 7@7½c] for sliced, 6½@7c for quartered; Alden and Plummer, 12@12½c; Apricots, 21@22c; Blackberries, 14@16c; Figs, 4@7c for pressed and 3@4c for unpressed; Smyrna do, 18@20c; Nectarines, 14@15c; Peaches, 18@20c for peeled and 9@11c for unpeeled; Pears, 7@8c for whole and 9@10c ₱ lb for sliced; do, machine dried, 12½c; Plums, 11@11½c for pitted and 4@6c for unpitted; German Prunes, 8@9c; French Prunes, 8@9½c ₱ lb; California Raisins, common layers, are quoted as follows for cash: $2@2 50 for whole, with the usual addition of 25c, 50c and 75c for halves, quarters and eighths. London layers sell at an advance of 25c all round. The customary discount is made on large purchases. Some offerings of inferior are made as low as $1@1 50 ₱ box.

HONEY—Comb, 14@18c; extracted, 7@8c for dark and 9@10c ₱ lb for white.

BUTTER—The market still exhibits a soft tone, and shading on prices is becoming general. Fancy, 28c; good to choice, 26@27c; inferior lots from country stores, 20@23c; firkin, 26@28c for good to choice new; Eastern, 18@22c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—No lack of supplies. California, 16@17c; Eastern, 17@20c; Western, 14@15c ₱ lb.

EGGS—19@20c ₱ dozen.

POULTRY—Values show a weaker tendency. Live Turkeys, gobblers, 12½@14c; do Hens, 15@16c; dressed do, 14@17c ₱ lb; Roosters, $6@6 50 for old and $8 50@9 50 for young; Hens, $8@7 50; Broilers, $6 50@7 75, according to size; Ducks, $6 50@7 ₱ doz; Geese, $1 75@2 25 ₱ pair.

GAME Receipts rather limited. Honkers, $3@3 50; Brandt, $1@1 25; White Geese, 75c@$1; Grey Geese, $2 25@2 50; Snipe, 75c@$1 for common and $2 25@2 50 for English; Hare, $1 75@2; Rabbits, $1@1 25 ₱ dozen.

PROVISIONS—Eastern Hams, 15½@16c; California Hams, 13@13½c; Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 15@15½c; California Smoked Bacon, 13½c, for heavy and medium, and 14½c for light and extra light; Clear Sides, 14½@14½c; Pork, $18@18 50 for Extra Prime, $50 50@21 50 for Prime Mess, $23 50 for Mess, $24 for Clear and $24 50@25 for Extra Clear; Pigs' Feet, $16@18 ₱ bbl; Mess Beef, $10 50 for bbls and $6@6 50 for half bbls; Extra Mess Beef, $12@12 50; Family Beef, $14 50@15 ₱ bbl; California Smoked Beef, 12½@13c ₱ lb; Beef Tongues, $8 ₱ dozen; Eastern Lard, 15½@16c ₱ lb for all styles and sizes of packages; California do, 10-lb tins, 13@14c; 5-lb do, 14½@14½c; pails, 15½@16c; kegs, 14@14½c; Royal do, 15½c for 10-lb, 15½c ₱ lb for 5-lb and 15½c for 3-lb pails.

WOOL—The local situation continues uninteresting. With comparatively no stock and but few small transfers, there is nothing to disturb the quietude of some time past. At Eastern centers business is represented to be fairly active, with moderate sales at satisfactory rates. San Joaquin, 10@13c; Southern burry, 10@12c; Northern free, 15@18c; for good, 19@20c for choice; Mountain free, 13@16c, as to shrinkage; Nevada

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TRADE MARK.



THE GREAT

GERMAN REMEDY.

FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

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A. VOGELER & CO.,
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Ayer's Sarsaparilla

For Purifying the Blood.



THIS COMPOUND of the vegetable alteratives, Sarsaparilla, Dock, Stillingia and Mandrake, with the Iodides of Potash and Iron, makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions on the skin are the appearance at the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as **Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs; Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head; Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and General Debility.** With their departure health returns.

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DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

H. C KIRK & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.....Sacramento.
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SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO—ss. In the Superior Court, in and for said county. The People of the State of California, to W. R. KNIGHTS, greeting: You are hereby notified that an action was commenced in the Superior Court of the County of Sacramento, State aforesaid, by the filing of a complaint in the Clerk's office of said Court, on the 25th day of January, 1882, in which action LOUIS SLOSS and L. GERSTLE are plaintiffs, and you are defendant. That the general nature of the action as appears from said complaint is as follows: Said complaint alleges that you have received in your name, but as agent of and for the use and benefit of and in trust for the plaintiffs, and pertaining to said property which the plaintiffs are entitled to have indorsed, transferred and conveyed to them, viz.: One note made by Wm. F. Walters, dated August 31, 1881, secured by mortgage duly recorded; one note made Jos. L. Schuler, dated March 13, 1880, secured by mortgage duly recorded; one note made by John Warner and James Swazer, dated August 3, 1881, secured by mortgage duly recorded; one note made by W. M. Holloway, dated July 8, 1880, secured by chattel mortgage duly recorded; one note made by Henry McNulty, dated October 19, 1880, secured by mortgage duly recorded; one note made by R. A. Chamberlain, dated October 17, 1879, secured by mortgage duly recorded; one note made by R. A. Chamberlain, dated October 6, 1878, secured by mortgage duly recorded; one note made by R. A. and J. T. Chamberlain, secured by mortgage duly recorded. Also the following unsecured notes, to wit: One made by W. W. Tamp in, dated April 30, 1878; one made by Pond & Knox, dated July 29, 1879; one made by James McHargue, dated August 20, 1877; one made by J. R. Crockett, dated April 28, 1879; one made by C. S. Quimby, dated November 6, 1880; one made by C. S. Quimby, dated January 31, 1879; one made by D. Rhoads & Co., dated May 11, 1881; one made by H. Sprung, dated November 9, 1880; one made by J. T. Bradbury dated November 6, 1880; one made by John T. Bradbury, dated November 9, 1873; one made by George Ogden, dated March 23, 1881; one made by Gupton & Ray, dated September 12, 1878; one made by W. E. O. Miller & Co., dated June 30, 1880; one made by John Eixler, dated December 29, 1879; one made by W. A. Montgomery, dated April 27, 1880; one made by Joseph Speidel, dated June 28, 1880; one made by Joseph Speidel, dated December 4, 1880; one made by Charles Justis, dated January 24, 1881; one made W. F. Schmitz, dated April 30, 1880; one made by W. D Deeble, dated March 25, 1881; one made by J Jeans, dated February 19, 1881; one made by C. F. Brown & Son, dated April 1, 1881; one made by Thomas Silva, dated February 3, 1881; one made by H. McNulty, dated October 18, 1880; one made by J. B. Townsend, dated April 26, 1881; one made by Guernsey & Munson, dated June 21, 1881; one made by M. H. Ritchie, dated May 16, 1881; one made by J. W. Doty, dated June 14, 1881; one made by J. Nafzeiger, dated October 21, 1880; one made by L. P. Marshall, dated December 17, 1880; one made by James Holley, dated November 1, 1875; one dated by E. B. Townsend, dated June 8, 1880; one made by George Kohler & Co., dated March 25, 1881; one made by Auguste Cazaux, dated June 1, 18-0, and one made by James Marriott, dated September 7, 1880. Also, the real property in the county of El Dorado, in said State, particularly described in a conveyance thereof, dated August 13, 1880, made by F. Hunger to W. S. Knights, and recorded in Book X of Deeds, of El Dorado County Records, at page 231 and following. And plaintiffs pray said complaint that you be required to assign and transfer all said notes and mortgages, and to convey said real estate to plaintiffs; and in the event that you neglect to do so, that a Commissioner be appointed and authorized and directed to indorse said notes, and to make such assignment and conveyance to plaintiffs for you and in your name, and as your act and deed. And you are hereby directed to appear and answer said complaint within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service if served on you in said county of Sacramento; and within thirty days, exclusive of the day of service, if served elsewhere; and you are further notified that unless you so appear and answer within the time above specified, the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in said complaint.

In testimony whereof, I, Thos. H. Berkey, Clerk of the Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said Court, this 25th day of JANUARY, A. D. 1882.

[SEAL.] THOS. H. BERKEY, Clerk.
By CHAS. M. COGLAN, Deputy Clerk.
FREEMAN & BATES, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
j27-law6w

BENSON & LESHER,

CARRIAGE-PAINTING AND Trimming; also, all kinds of signs. The cheapest and best place in the city for first class work. Give us a call and be convinced. Second street, between K and L. m20-4ptf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between D. J. STEVENS and P. C. SMITH, proprietors of the Toronto Hotel at Elk Grove, under the firm name of SMITH & STEVENS, has by mutual consent been dissolved. MR. SMITH retires, and MR. STEVENS will continue business at the same place. He will also receive payment and make settlement of all the accounts of the late firm. m21-tf

J. FRANK CLARK,
UNDERTAKER,
No. 1017 Fourth st., bet. J and K.
Always a complete stock in store. Country orders receive prompt attention. m1-4p1m

A. J. VERMILYA,
County Coroner and Undertaker,
Has removed to No. 520 J street, bet. Fifth and Sixth. Always on hand a large assortment of Metallic and Wooden Caskets, Burial Cases and Coffins. Shrouds furnished and Funeral Wreaths Preserved. Coffin orders will receive prompt attention on short notice and at the lowest rates.

DOMESTIC EVENTS.

Passage of the Chinese Bill—Further Testimony of Shipherd—The Star Route Cases—Approval by the President of the Anti-Polygamy Bill—Flood Reports—Small-Pox in an Iowa Jail—Plan of Search for the Missing Arctic Explorers—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD UNION.]

NEW YORK, March 23d.—Postmaster-General Howe was interviewed this morning regarding the proposed reduction of time in sending mails to and from New York and San Francisco and other western points. "I have a hope," said Howe, "if Congress makes the appropriations proposed by the Senate for special facilities for the transportation of mails on the trunk lines, that we may arrange a schedule which will send the mail from New York to the West or San Francisco and get a return in three days less than it takes now. It takes thirteen days at present to do this. Now the mails are carried on all the railway trains, and go when the passengers go. This subjects the mails to slow time and frequent delays. The mail for the West now lies in Chicago about four hours, and in Omaha and Kansas City three hours more. The railroad companies themselves will have to be consulted as to the method of overcoming these delays. Whether it shall be done by chartering one fast train between New York and Denver, overtaking the Union Pacific train twenty-four hours ahead of the present time, or whether it shall be done by expediting all trains between here and the Pacific coast, are questions to be answered by the railroad companies themselves. The public ought to have the service, and the Department wants to supply it."

United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—In the Senate the President pro tem. submitted a petition of the Good Templars of Illinois for an amendment to the Constitution, to prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcoholic beverages throughout the national domain.

A bill was introduced for the formation and admission into the Union of the State of Washington.

Morgan called up his concurrent resolution declaring for a reciprocity treaty with Mexico.

Sherman said there was opposition on both sides of the chamber to all reciprocity treaties, and moved a reference of the resolution to the Committee on Foreign Relations. Adopted.

Mahone, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported favorably the bill to establish a Bureau of Agricultural Industry, and to prevent the exportation of deceased cattle and the spread of contagious diseases among domestic animals.

The Tariff Commission bill then came up, and Garland made a speech favoring a reference of the subject of tariff to the members of Congress rather than to the experts appointed by the President.

Vance moved an amendment to the bill, directing that in the selection of Commissioners the President shall give representation to the agricultural and manufacturing interests in proportion to the capital invested and the number of persons engaged therein.

The bill then went over.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives—The Chinese Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—Wednesday's session was continued, and the debate on the Chinese bill resumed.

Richardson favored the bill, and Morse, Dunnell, Orth and Joyce opposed it.

Thursday's session was then opened.

Dunnell, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back the bill to amend the laws relating to internal revenue. Calendar.

The discussion of the Chinese bill was then resumed by Pacheco and Townshend of Illinois in favor, and Robinson of Massachusetts against it.

An amendment reducing the term of suspension to ten years was rejected—131 noes against 100 ayes.

An amendment reducing the term of suspension to fifteen years was rejected—99 against 81.

Curtin of Pennsylvania then spoke earnestly in advocacy of the bill, and was much applauded.

Cannon of Illinois followed on the same side.

At 3 o'clock the previous question was demanded, which was seconded by a practically unanimous vote.

One hour being allowed for closing the debate, Page yielded ten minutes to Robinson to finish his remarks.

Page closed the debate, and the House, at 5:15, passed the bill without amendment by 177 ayes against 65 noes.

Following is the vote in detail:

Ayes—Aiken, Aldrich, Armfield, Atkins, Bayne, Belford, Belmont, Berry, Bingham, Blackburn, Blanchard, Bliss, Blount, Brewer, Brumm, Buckner, Burrows of Missouri, Butterworth, Cabell, Caldwell, Calkins, Campbell, Candler, Cassidy, Caswell, Chalmers, Clardy, Clark, Clements, Cobb, Conners, Cook, Cornell, Cox of New York, Cox of North Carolina, Covington, Cravens, Culberson, Curtin, Darrell, Davidson, Davis of Illinois, Davis of Missouri, Demott, Duster, Dezendorf, Dibble, Dibrell, Dowd, Dugro, Ermentroux, Errett, Farwell of Illinois, Finley, Fowler, Ford, Forney, Fulkerson, Garrison, Geddes, George, Gibson, Guenther, Gunter, Hammond of Georgia, Hardy, Harmer, Harris of New Jersey, Hazeltine, Hatch, Hazleton, Heilman, Herndon, Hewett of New York, Hill, Hiscock, Hobbitzell, Hoge, Holman, Horr, Houck, House, Hubbell, Hubbs, Hutchins, Jones of Texas, Jones of Arkansas, Jorgenson, Kenna, King, Klotz, Knott, Ladd, Leedom, Lewis, Marshall, Martin, Milson, McClure, McCook, McKenzie, McAinley, McLane, McMillan, Miller, Mills of Texas, Money, Morey, Moulton, Murch, Mitchler, O'Neill, Pacheco, Page, Paul, Payson, Peeble, Phelps, Phister, Pound, Randall, Reagan, Rice of Missouri, Richardson, Robertson, Robinson, Rosecrans, Scranton, Shellenberger, Sherwin, Simonton, Singleton of Mississippi, Smith of Pennsylvania, Smith of Illinois, Smith of New York, Sparks, Spaulding, Speer, Springer, Stockslayer, Strait, Talbott, Thomas, Thompson of New York, Tilman, Townsend of Ohio, Townshend of Illinois, Tucker, Turner of Georgia, Turner of Kentucky, Updegraff of Ohio, Upson, Valentine, Vance, Vanhorn, Warner, Washburne, Webber, Wellborn, Whitthorne, Williams of Alabama, Willis, Willetts, Wilson, Wise of Pennsylvania, Wise of Virginia, W. A. Wood of New York—177.

Noes—Anderson, Barr, Bragg, Briggs, Browne, Buck, Camp, Candeti, Carpenter, Chace, Crape, Cullen, Dawes, Deering, Dingley, Dunnell, Dwight, Farwell of Iowa, Grout, Hall, Hammond of New York, Hardenbergh, Harris of Massachusetts, Haskell, Hawk, Henderson, Hepburn, Hooker, Humphrey, Jacobs, Jones of New Jersey, Joyce, Kasson, Ketcham, Lord, McCord, Morse, Norcross, Orth, Parker, Ranney, Rice of Ohio, Rice of Massachusetts, Rich, Richardson of New York, Ritchie, Robinson of Massachusetts, Rusell, Ryan, Shultz, Skinner, Spooner, Stone, Taylor, Thompson of Iowa, Tyler, Updegraff of Iowa, Urner, Wadsworth, Ward, Walker, Ward, Watson, White, Williams of Wisconsin—65.

The Anti-Chinese Triumph—The Question of a Veto.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—The long and difficult struggle for the attainment of effective legislation to restrict Chinese immigration was brought to a triumphant conclusion this afternoon, for in view of the overwhelming majority by which the bill was passed by the House of Representatives, superadded to the practically two-thirds vote by which it passed the Senate, there is no longer any talk about a veto, and even if the President were capable of entertaining such an idea, the bill would unquestionably be passed over his veto.

Anti-Polygamy Bill Approved by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—The President has approved the anti-polygamy bil.

The Peruvian Company Investigation—Shipherd Still on the Stand.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—The examination of Shipherd was resumed this morning. He stated that he would waive the technical objection he had raised, and would state that the Senator to whom he alluded was Blair of New Hampshire. He further stated that with one exception there was no other Senator or member of Congress who had been in any way interested as counsel or been approached with views of securing his services. This gentleman, Shipherd said, was asked to act as counsel, and declined on the ground that he might be called upon, as a member of Congress, to pass upon the claims of the Peruvian Company. With this exception and that of the Senator named, there was no other instance of any efforts to secure the services of a member of either house of Congress.

Blount inquired, "What were your reasons for employing Senator Blair as counsel? Was it on account of his relations with the Secretary of State, or simply in his capacity as an attorney?"

Witness replied that he would like to reserve his answer until the committee should have decided whether this matter should be gone into at the present time.

Blount then asked what was the inducement which impelled him to seek the services of the member of Congress who had declined; whether it was on account of his supposed influence with the Executive, or for the purpose of obtaining his advice as a lawyer.

The witness said: "It was for reasons purely personal to the member himself, as distinguished from any aid that he might render as a member of Congress."

The witness declined to give the second Congressman's name at present, and also demurred to stating the details of any purely personal transactions.

Some discussion on the part of the committee ensued as to whether they should pursue this branch of inquiry at present.

The Chairman stated that Shipherd desired to be excused from further examination this morning on account of his health, and perhaps it would be better to pass on this request before proceeding with further examination. The question was, therefore, waived for the present.

Witness produced a copy of his (witness') letter to the President of May 21st, and explained that it had been sent to him by his son, who had been requested to make a copy from his letter-book, and that he (Shipherd) after critical examination, was prepared to say that it was a correct copy. The letter was read by the clerk. It was quite long, and rehearsed in detail the claims and plans of the Peruvian Company. The letter referred to inclosures naming the prospectus of the company, the draft of the agreement with Peru, and the claim of title of the Peruvian Company, and stated that it was deemed best to lay the whole matter before the President, and to avail themselves of such suggestions as he (the President) may deem proper to be made in the premises. It stated that no difficulty was anticipated in the settlement of differences without asking further Government aid than that already indicated. It spoke of the magnitude of the interests involved and the estimated value of the guano at a thousand million dollars, and it indicated that it was expected General Grant would be President of the company, and that its Board of Directors would include gentlemen equally well known and prominent capitalists.

At the conclusion of this reading Shipherd said he had been engaged in a lively flirtation with neuralgia, which had deprived him of rest and unfitted him for fatigue. He would therefore crave the indulgence of the committee, and asked to be excused for the day. Adjourned.

Blaine and the Chile-Peruvian Question.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—The *Post* will print to-morrow morning an interview with ex-Secretary Blaine on the latest phase of the Chile-Peruvian question, in which he reiterates his former published views, and says the general result is precisely what he predicted when Trescott's instructions were revoked. Upon being asked what he meant by "general result," he answered, "I mean, as I said in January, that Peru is to be desolated and destroyed, and that the profits of the spoliation will be divided between Chile and the English bondholders and speculators who furnished her money and guns and the ironclads that destroyed Peru. It is stated in a Chilean newspaper that the Treasury Department of Chile has issued a decree asking for bids for 1,000,000 tons of guano, to be extracted from the guano beds of Peru now in possession of Chile. Every cargo must be paid for, so the advertisement runs, in good sterling exchange—English money, mind you—at ninety days after sight. One-half goes to Chile and one-half to the English bondholders, and Chile binds herself to deposit 50 per cent. of the proceeds of the guano in the Bank of England."

The Arctic Explorers—Plan of Search for the Missing Men.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—Secretary Hunt this afternoon received the following:

YAKUTSK, January 10, 1882.

Hon. Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.—SIR: I have the honor to submit the following plan for the search for the missing people of both boats; also a schedule of provisions, lists of outfits and other articles necessary for six months, if compelled to remain at the Lena delta for the river to freeze over before being able to return to Yakutsk, the supplies being duplicated by the Russian authorities at Yakutsk. It may be well to state at this time that all the supplies used at Belun or the Lena delta are carried on pack-horses or deer sledges for a distance of 200 versts, and this mode of travel from Belun to Yakutsk is the only practical one in the winter time. Therefore it may be possible that we may be obliged to remain at or near Belun until November, 1882. The search will be carried on by three parties, as follows: I propose to establish a depot at Belun for all supplies, with my center of operations at Two Crosses, near Mount Jsi. One party is to go as far north as Sisteranke and back to Two Crosses; one party to work south half way to Bulcour, one party to work from Bulcour north to Two Crosses. These three parties should be able to search the whole of the country between Sisteranke and Bulcour, and twenty days after leaving the depot, this being completed, the depot will be moved to Cathoenelie, between Sisteranke and Qvina. One party is to follow the southern and western branches of the Lena as far as the river Alanck, the second party to follow the northwestern branch of the Lena and work up towards Upper Belun, the third party to work from Upper Belun, on the northwest coast, southwest to meet the second party. This will complete the search for Lieutenants DeLong and Chipp as far west as Inner Alanck. This being completed, I will establish a depot at Perovinana—No. 6. Two parties are to start from Perovinana, and one party to follow the north branch of the Lena, the other to follow the coast line and west until they meet, both returning across the country to Trovarnia, at No. 18. One party to entirely circumscribe the southern portion of the country from No. 18, first southeast, then north, turning southwest, then turning east back to Trovarnia. Two other parties are to search the coast as far as Barkin, and west as far as the branch leading southwest to Ustend. Then I will move the depot to Bucoff, and search all the coast line from Pucoff southeast to Light d'Day. Two parties are to go east from Bucoff to the coast line, and one party is to work north and east to its north cape, and then back to Bucoff. The other party is to go south, and meet the first party, both returning to Bucoff. This can be accomplished before the snow floods set in. It will be necessary that the melting of the ice of the river occurs before attempting to work along the coast in a boat toward the Iana river. From the position of the three boats before separation—only 50 miles northeast of Barkin, and a gale coming from the northeast—it seems impossible for the second cutter to be driven to the eastward of the Iana. By the advice and consent of General P. Tchineroff, I have hired Buhokoff for 100 roubles per month, and a Cossack Sergt. Peter Kolenkin, at 50 roubles per month, also to supply them with food and clothing during our absence. Have telegraphed Mr. Siberikoff, owner of the steamer Lena, to detail Captain Guenberck, of the Lena, to accompany me to the Lena Delta, Sossicie in the search. Three traveling articles will be arranged as follows: P. A. Engineer Melville and Captain Guenbreck, with a Yakut dog-sled and driver; the second party to consist of William C. F. Ninderman (seaman) and Bulokoff, with a Yakut dog-sled and driver; the third party to consist of J. H. Bartlett, first-class fireman, and Cossack Sergeant Kolenkin, with a Yakut dog-sled and driver. Reindeer flesh and fish can be procured during the summer at the Lena delta. I will be at Belun by February 15th, and the search is to commence by March 1st, or as soon as the spring storms will permit. Inclosed please find ration table and chart of the Lena delta, with the depots marked thereon; also copies of letters to General Tchineroff, by his request, about the condition of his people in his district; a copy of a telegram to Mr. Siberikoff for the services of Captain Guenbrock, and a copy of the instructions to Bieshoff of Belun, to continue the search until my return. The instructions were written at Virkansk, and transmitted by an exile and sent back to Bieshoff, he having verbal instructions to commence the search at once, a reward being offered for the recovery of the people, books or papers. General P. Tchineroff has guaranteed to have all the supplies at Belun by February 15th. My party will leave as soon as possible, and live on such food as the country affords. I have the honor to be, etc.,

GEORGE W. MELVILLE,
Passed Assistant Engineer, U. S. N.

Confirmation—Nominations.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—The Senate today confirmed A. L. Morrison, of Illinois, as United States Marshal for New Mexico.

The President has made the following nominations: John H. Smith, of North Carolina, to be Minister Resident and Consul General of the United States to Liberia; Emery P. Blanchard, of Indiana, to be United States Consul at St. Gale; James W. Wilson, of Iowa, to be United States Consul at Three Rivers.

The Star Route Prosecutions.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—The cases of the United States against Thomas J. Brady, ex-Senator S. W. Dorsey, H. M. Vail and others, defendants in the star route cases, were called in the Criminal Court this morning. None of the defendants were in Court. Counsel for the defense said they were not prepared to plead. Colonel Bliss said the Government had waited long enough. He understood that one of the principal defendants had shown his appreciation of the importance of the charges against him by leaving this city for New Mexico. He stated that Stephen W. Dorsey had not been placed under bonds, and asked the Court to compel his attendance. Colonel Ingersoll said there was no need of such proceedings. There was nothing in the charges to cause Dorsey's flight. He is no more afraid of them than is hunger of mince pie. The prosecution, however, insisted upon Dorsey's arrest, and the Court said it was their privilege to have the order issued. The hearing was then postponed until Saturday.

The Situation in the Mississippi Valley.

YAZOO CITY, March 23d.—The river is falling. The extreme suffering reported on the Tallahatchie is greatly exaggerated. The exodus from the Yazoo delta is about ended.

HELENA (Ark.) March 23d.—For the Red river section 5,000 half-rations have been supplied till May 1st, and if the water don't fall soon 18,000 persons may become destitute.

VICKSBURG, March 23d.—The Sunflower river is 48 feet 1 inch—from two to three feet higher than ever known before. The people on the banks have about two weeks' supply of provisions, and have been furnished grain for their stock. Some cattle picked up from rafts were brought here by the steamer from Sunflower, which also brought 150 passengers, many entirely destitute. One hundred thousand rations are coming here for distribution at other points. At Newton the people and stock are in a deplorable condition. Captain Lee recommends 70,000 rations for the destitute in the Yazoo, Tallahatchie and Sunflower river sections.

Small-Pox in an Iowa Jail.

CHICAGO, March 23d.—The *Evening Journal's* Des Moines (Iowa) special says: Small-pox developed in the County Jail yesterday, creating consternation among the twenty inmates and among the Court and county officials, the jail being under the Court-house. The Court adjourned in haste, and the premises are quarantined. Two convicts have been removed to the pest-house. The doctors disagree as to the diagnosis of the cases.

Collector Robertson and the Peruvian Company.

NEW YORK, March 23d.—In regard to the Peruvian Company investigation, Collector Robertson said this morning: "I have read the testimony given by Shipherd yesterday before the House committee, and so far as that testimony relates to me, Shipherd has stated the facts tersely and fairly. I was employed by the Peruvian Company to examine questions affecting the company, and to give a legal opinion. This I did, and was paid for it, and that comprises my entire connection with the company. The question that I was asked to examine was concerning the company's claims to be made against the Peruvian Government. Further than this I have nothing to say."

Changes of Station.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.—Among the changes of station in the Quartermaster's Department recommended by General Ingalls are: Saxon from the division of the Pacific to Jeffersonville; Hodges from Arizona to San Francisco; Batchelder from San Francisco to Washington. These recommendations have not been approved yet by the Secretary of War, and there are efforts being made to change some of the assignments.

Destruction by Fire.

ANDOVER (N. H.), March 23d.—The Proctor House, in the Kearsarge mountains, was burned to-day. Loss, $75,000; no insurance.

CINCINNATI, March 23d.—Holmes' cracker factory was burned to-day. Loss, $30,000.

LEAVENWORTH (Ks.), March 23d.—The large flouring mils and elevator of Warren & Cole were burned this afternoon. The cause was a dust explosion. A. B. Haven, of the firm of John Oday, and one or two other employes were seriously injured. Twenty thousand bushels of wheat and about $12,000 worth of flour were stored in the elevator. The loss is estimated at $60,000, with $54,000 insurance.

Called Session of the Illinois Legislature.

SPRINGFIELD, March 23d.—The State Legislature met at noon to-day in a called session, heard the Governor's message, and after transacting little business adjourned.

Temperance and Sabbath Observance.

COLUMBUS (O.), March 23d.—Richard Smith's Temperance Convention passed resolutions urging the Legislature and the Governor to continue to adopt the Smith amendment in regulating the sale of liquor and maintaining the sanctity of the Sabbath.

A Disgraced Judge.

ST. PAUL (Minn.), March 23d.—The Senate, sitting as a Court of Impeachment, met in open session to-day, and formally certified its judgment against Judge Cox, impeached for drunkenness. The sentence is removal from office and disqualification from judicial office for three years.

Twenty Thousand Men Out of Work.

TROY (N. Y.), March 23d.—Owing to the strike of 700 molders, nearly all the shops are closed, throwing 20,000 men out of work.

The Lawrence Strike.

LAWRENCE (Mass.), March 23d.—The weavers of the Pacific Mill, now on a strike, are ready for settlement by arbitration. If the lockout continues another week, the city government will increase the appropriation for the street, health and pauper departments.

Found Dead in the Street.

LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), March 23d.—The dead body of an unknown white man was found in the street in the residence part of Houston this morning. His head had been split with an ax and his neck broken. It is thought he was thrown from the second story of a house near by. There was nothing on the body to identify it.

Longfellow Ill.

BOSTON, March 23d.—The poet Longfellow is seriously ill with inflammation of the bowels.

Alexander H. Stephens.

CHICAGO, March 23d.—Alex. H Stephens appeared in the House in his little wheeled chair to-day for the first time in a week or two, having been confined to his room by illness. He says the reports that he has decided to retire from public life at the expiration of his present Congressional term are true, and that he had decided on this course four years ago.

Bark Ashore.

NEW YORK, March 23d.—The bark T. Jeffie Southard, hence for San Francisco January 29th, is ashore at Natal, Brazil, south of Cape Strogus, and is a total loss. Part of the cargo was saved, but is of little value.

Eastern Journals and the Chinese Bill.

NEW YORK, March 23d.—The Chinese bill is the question of the hour. All the journals dissect the ayes and nayes on the measure as passed, and on Kasson's amendment, and comment on those who dodged or voted wrong or paired.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Nihilist Soldiers Arrested—A Second American Cable—Moody and Sankey Wanted in London—The Tobacco Question in Germany—The Annuity of Prince Leopold—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES BY THE RECORD-UNION.]

LONDON, March 23d.—The Land League of the United States and the British Colonists has contributed £22 000 the past month.

A paper signed by 300 persons, including the Earl of Shaftesbury, Earl Cairns, Earl of Aberdeen, Samuel Morley, Canons Farrar and Fleming, Rev. Mr. Spurgeon and 253 clergymen, has been forwarded to Moody and Sankey at Glasgow, asking them to spend a year in London in evangelical work.

Dangers to Which Rulers Are Exposed.

BERLIN, March 23d.—The Emperor, in a speech to-day to a deputation of the Conservative Central Committee, mentioned the death of President Garfield, the people's choice, as showing the peril to which rulers are exposed.

Soldiers' Arrested.

TILSIT, March 23d.—Nine soldiers of the Preobarjensky Guard have been arrested for connection with Nihilist plots.

The Tobacco Question.

BERLIN, March 23d.—Bismarck is preparing a bill for increasing the tobacco tax, to be submitted to the Reichstag simultaneously with the tobacco monopoly bill. If the latter be rejected, the former will be proceeded with.

Prince Leopold's Annuity.

LONDON, March 23d.—In the House of Commons to-day Gladstone moved an additional annuity of £10 000 for Prince Leopold, and a pension of £6,000 yearly for his widow, in the event of this death. Samuel Sterry (Radical member for Sunderland) objected to spending the public money in the support of tilded idleness. Labouchere, Broadhurst and Healy (Advanced Liberals) also opposed the grant. The motion was passed—387 to 42.

Fourteen Persons Drowned—From England to France in a Balloon.

LONDON, March 23d.—In a gale on the Algerian coast, two barks were wrecked and fourteen persons drowned.

Colonel Barnaby landed his balloon five miles south of Boulogne, and proceeded to Paris.

A Second Cable.

CANSO (N. S.), March 23d.—The shore end of the second cable of the American Telegraph Company was laid to-day.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE!

DR. GIBBON'S DISPENSARY,
633 Kearny street San Francisco.



Established in 1854 for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis in all its forms, Semina. Weakness, Impotency, Skin Diseases, etc., permanently cured or no charge.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice or depraved sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combated by scientific medical measures, viz.: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushed, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity.

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Persons at a distance may be cured at home by addressing a letter to DR. GIBBON, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing ten dollars in registered letter, through the Postoffice, or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union. Please say you saw this advertisement in the RECORD-UNION. Address, DR. J. F. GIBBON, Box 1,957, San Francisco.
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☞ It affords us great pleasure to announce to our many friends and patrons that our now large and well-lighted store has become entirely too small for our constantly increasing

BUSINESS.

WE ARE NOW ABOUT TO COMMENCE ALTERATIONS IN OUR BUILDING, whereby we will obtain as much more space as we are now occupying, without any increase of rental. The motto at our masthead is now, and will ever be:

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In order to facilitate the contemplated improvements, we must have

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We have this day placed on our counters large quantities of NEW, CHOICE AND DESIRABLE GOODS—the prices marked so as to compel their immediate sale. Those in quest of

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FANCY GOODS,

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Will make no mistake in calling on us, and obtaining our prices before purchasing elsewhere. You incur no obligation to purchase by calling, and it will afford you an opportunity of seeing for yourself the many advantages which enable us to give the BEST VALUES IN THE CITY.

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We have instituted in our business a system whereby those residing at a distance can purchase goods as cheap as though they were here in person, and ours is the only House in Sacramento where you have this advantage, and in proof of this BOLD ASSERTION, we may add that as we mark our goods at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE upon their arrival, we do not reduce them after selling over half, as most dealers do, thus giving the few who chance to attend these reduction sales an advantage over those residing at a distance. OUR COUNTRY ORDER DEPARTMENT is under the direct supervision of one of the firm, whose seven years' experience in this particular Department is a sufficient guarantee that all orders will be filled carefully and promptly.

☞ Send in your names for our NEW PRICE LIST now in Press and to be issued shortly.

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